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Victoria Daily Times.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY,
LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE
— AT —
COCHRANE & HUNN'S

VOL. 13. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, FEB. 17, 1891. No. 196.

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ATTENTION, INVESTORS AND HOME-SEEKERS
Where can you place your money to better advantage than here? Beacon Hill Park Addition is acknowledged to be the most delightful and accessible location for a home now offered. It is but ten minutes' from the Post Office and fifteen minutes' walk from street car on a good 60-foot road. The elevation commands a magnificent view of Mount Baker, the Islands and Straits. The beautiful suburbs of this well-known estate as well as our city, the close proximity to the business centre, places it foremost among suburban sub-divisions. The land has been under cultivation for the last five years, and is fine for gardening purposes. The whole forty acres is plotted out into 218 lots, and will be sold at as low a price as surrounding property can be bought by the acre. It is divided into lots varying in size from 50x120 to 50x190, some few being shallower with larger frontage, uniformity of size being impossible owing to the beautiful design of laying out the whole. Prices $450 to $525, according to location and size. Terms: $50 down and $20 every three months, with 5 per cent. interest, until paid off. Do not lose this opportunity, but come on time, as already 180 lots have been sold in 14 days. To persons desirous of investing small amounts this will afford an opportunity seldom offered. A personal visit to this property will prove to you all the good points that are claimed for it. For further particulars call on fe3-2w
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BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1862.
Capital Paid Up, - £600,000---$3,000,000
[WITH POWER TO INCREASE.]
Reserve Fund, - - 200,000--- 1,000,000
THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN
A Savings Bank Department
In connection with their General Banking Business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1 and upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for, an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.
WM. C. WARD, Manager.
Victoria, 2nd January, 1891.

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.
(LIMITED.)
The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.
This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to
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FUNERAL CEREMONIES

OVER THE REMAINS OF LATE ADMIRAL PORTER.

A Couple of Ohio Elopements—A Boulder Rolls on to a Train—Astor, the Millionaire, to be Married—Natural Gas Explosion in Pittsburg—American Briefs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The funeral ceremonies over the remains of Admiral Porter, the highest officer in the American navy at the time of his death, took place this afternoon from his residence in this city. The event was very impressing, the greatest honors known to the naval regulations being paid to the dead hero. The officers of the government, including the president, members of his cabinet, senators and representatives, justices of the supreme court, and army officers of every rank. Vice-Admirals and numberless naval officers, members of the diplomatic corps and men distinguished in letters and science, were present. All the executive departments, the district offices and public schools were closed. The throng about the residence during service was very great. Rev. Dr. Douglas, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church, officiated. It was nearly three o'clock when the funeral cortege moved to Arlington where the remains were interred with great ceremony.

Eloped a Second Time.

CANTON, Ohio, Feb. 16.—Clara Olnahausen, daughter of Squire Olnahausen of Columbus, who had been visiting friends in Wooster and Canton, has eloped with D. Linn, a Cleveland insurance man whom she met at the home of a friend. There whereabouts are unknown. This is Miss Olnghausen's second escapade of the kind. About a year ago she eloped with a son of Major Bruck, of Columbus, O., and was taken home after a long search. She is 20 years of age and quite pretty. Her father is a well-known Columbus politician. Miss Mary Stevens, a very pretty and popular young lady and an instructor in St. Peter's Catholic school, has created a sensation by eloping with V. G. Wheeler, a clerk in a grocery store. The couple had only been acquainted a short time, but their infatuation appears to have been complete. She left home telling her mother she was going to school and would spend the night with a friend. Instead she met Wheeler and went to Michigan, where they were married. They are expected to return on Sunday. Wheeler is reputed to be worth $30,000. Mrs. Stevens announces her willingness to extend forgiveness to the young couple.

Scholars Injured.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—An immense rock weighing two hundred pounds fell from Duquesne heights, about 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and crushed into a passenger coach of the Washington (P. A.) express on the Panhandle road. Clara Fielding, aged 17, was instantly killed. The following were injured: J. F. Bonobue, 20 years, badly hurt about the head and chest; Miss Mamie Baldwin, aged 18, cut about the head, breast and arms; unknown young man badly bruised. The victims are all students of Duff college in this city and were on their way to school when the accident happened.

The Dead Hero.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Most intimate friends of General Sherman and old veterans who marched with him in his campaigns, have been given the much desired opportunity of viewing the remains of their late friend and commander. The General looks quite natural in his last sleep. There is but a slight discoloration, and the face is but little swollen. There were few visitors to the house this morning, for it had not been well known that the privilege to view the body would be granted.

Natural Gas Explosion.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 16.—Early this morning an explosion of natural gas occurred in a residence at No. 26 River avenue, Alleghany City, occupied by John McLaughlin and family. The interior of the dwelling house was totally destroyed, and the inmates all badly, but probably not fatally hurt. The house was surrounded by water from the Alleghany river. The injured were taken from the wrecked building in boats.

Smashed Up.

RAHWAY, N.J., Feb. 17.—Owing to a misunderstood signal, a passenger train ran into the rear of a freight train on the siding at a junction near hear today, smashing the engine, caboose and five cars. Engineer Page and Fireman Mooney were injured, perhaps fatally; express messenger Parker was badly injured. The contents of the express car were scattered in all directions.

Astor to Wed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Miss Ave Loewe Willing is to be married to John Jacob Astor on Tuesday in Philadelphia at the home for many generations of the Willing family. It is a pink and white wedding and Rev. Dr. McVicar, rector of the Holy Trinity, will officiate.

A Nice Place to Live.

BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 17.—A plot is reported to have been discovered in this city which had for its purpose the assassination of the high officials of the government. The government and police officials refuse to give the details of the conspiracy.

Horseman Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Benali Haggin, a well known horseman, son of horse breeder J. B. Haggin, owner of Firenzi, and other well known flyers, died early this morning at his residence on 54th street.

Require Notice.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The American loan and trust company are this morning requiring five days notice for withdrawal of deposits.

Repairing of Jewellery.

Is a special branch in my factory work is well executed, charges are low. I solicit from you a trial to test my ability to give satisfaction. A. A. Clayton, 47 Government street, opposite Bank of B. C., Victoria.

NANAIMO NOTES.

Politics Meeting at the Black Diamond City—Chinese in the Mines.

NANAIMO, Feb. 17.—The Institute hall was crowded on Monday evening by a large number of eager citizens, who were anxious to hear what the prospects are for running a candidate against Mr. D. W. Gordon.

Dr. Walkem occupied the chair.

Mr. Dixon was the first speaker, and during his somewhat lengthy remarks attacked everything the present Government had done, and all that they pretended to do. His attacks were especially demonstrated upon the custom house, and the exorbitant cost of keeping up this government institution. He advocated that the citizens support Mr. James Patterson (a farmer), who in the speaker's opinion is a proper and capable person to represent them. If Mr. Patterson or some more capable individual would not come forward he would contest the election himself.

Ald. G. Campbell, who was called upon to address them, did so at great length. In the course of his remarks he said that he did not think Mr. Gordon should represent the people of Nanaimo, as he did not belong to the right party.

Mr. Campbell is an advocate of "free trade," and delivered a stirring speech upon the subject which brought forth repeated cries of "hear, hear," and applause from his audience.

Dr. Walkem asked the indulgence of the house to make a few remarks. He said: That force, which was alluded to by Mr. Campbell, was being used by the United States not for putting a high tariff on all goods entering that country, but for the purpose of forcing Canadians under that flag. He did not blame a government to do that, which protects them from a powerful nation like the United States, who had tried to trample Canadians under their feet. He was proud to say he lived under the Canadian flag. He looked upon the man who stood up for the province as the right man to protect his country. He could not see why a tarriff should be put on to a certain extent. He did not think any one had a cause to bring a single blush across his face when he says "I am a Canadian."

Mr. W. Ross addressed a few remarks on the subject of free trade, and the meeting was brought to a close.

EMPLOYING CHINESE IN THE MINES.

It is stated in this city that summonses have been taken out by Mr. A. Dick, inspector of mines, against several officials of the Union Mines, for employing Chinese under ground. Mr. Dick, it is stated, is determined to test the case, and for that purpose eminent counsel have been engaged.

ORIGIN OF MAN.

The members of the Y.M.C.A. debating society have announced a debate to take place in the course of a few weeks, on the "Origin of Man," according to the theories of Darwin. It is expected that the debate will be an interesting one, as two of the most able men in the city have undertaken its discussion, viz., Mr. W. Hunter, B.A., and Mr. McCrae, Presbyterian minister.

CARRYING FIREARMS.

William Full, a young man, was arrested on Sunday night for carrying a loaded weapon upon his person. The police are determined to prosecute all persons guilty of this offence, and accordingly preferred the charge against him in the court. The case was remanded.

ASSAULTING A CHINAMEN.

See Len was arrested on Sunday, on a charge of assaulting another Chinaman by striking him with a tea pot. The latter presented a battered appearance, which was sufficient proof that he had been roughly handled. The case could not be proceeded with on account of the prisoner demanding an interpreter. The case was adjourned till Thursday.

A PLACE OF AMUSEMENT.

Mr. W. Ross has signified his intention of applying to Mr. S. M. Robins for permission to erect a large platform on the "green," which is to answer a double purpose. In the summer it will be used as a dancing platform while during the winter months it will be used as a skating rink. The affair will meet with the entire approbation of the citizens.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

While the steamer Alice Blanchard was coming down from Nanaimo, coal-laden for Frisco, on Sunday, she struck a rock, inflicting breaks from which much water was taken in. The pumps were driven to their best speed, and Port Townsend was reached. The steamer still lies at Port Townsend with five feet of water in hold.

The sealing schooner Helen Blum, which sailed from Frisco for the north coast last week, lost a boat and three men off Point Arena the third day out. The hunters were out in a small boat pursuing a small herd of seals discovered a few miles from shore, and became lost in the fog. Captain Carlson cruised about for two days, and then dropped anchor at Fish rock. The three hunters put in to Point Arena at the end of thirty-six hours, and the down stage conveyed information to Carlson of their whereabouts. The schooner picked them up and resumed her voyage.

The Union Steamship Company's steamer Monowai put back to Frisco Friday morning with a broken shaft. She sailed at 3:45 p.m last Saturday for Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney on her first trip in the mail service in conjunction with the Oceanic Company's two boats. The work of making a substitute, if a shaft cannot be found already turned, will be a long one, and the delay is estimated at anything from ten days to two weeks. It is considered probable that the Alameda, which is due to-morrow, will be given quick dispatch in the Monowai's place, but this cannot be determined until after she arrives.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

BISMARCK PROTESTS AGAINST KAISER'S POLICY.

The Germans in South Africa in Danger—The Queen Claims the Credit for the Authorship of Ivanhoe—A Company Formed to Collect Tithes.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Berlin dispatches say that the city is ringing with Bismarck's protests against the policy "which removed the corn duties and gave us Jesuits." "It impales the emperor and his chancellor on one spear," writes one of the leading correspondents of Berlin, "and is repeated from one end of the empire to the other, where Bismarck's former utterances were hardly noticed." The emperor is said to be more keenly irritated than by anything Bismark has said previously, but there is no possible ground in the remark for action against the ex-chancellor, as it was simply an expression of opinion. The kaiser feels it all the more keenly as he has no intention of admitting the Jesuits to the empire, that being one point on which he declines to yield to Rome.

Advices in Berlin from South Africa state that Germans, in German southwest Africa are in danger from a savage chief named Witboo, who has gathered about five hundred men armed with breech-loaders and threaten the Germans. The breech-loaders were supplied to them by English traders, a fact which excites some anger among the Germans. The German force in that region only numbers fifty and is in a rather delapidated condition. A feeling of disgust is growing up in Berlin regarding African adventurers and especially as not many show any signs of emigration in that direction, the emigrants preferring America.

It is interesting to learn that Queen Victoria claims the credit for the authorship of Ivanhoe. Her majesty does not, of course, pretend that she wrote the opera, but she does assert that she suggested it to Sir Arthur Sullivan and feels a sort of editor-in-chief responsibility for its reception. This is one of the reasons why she proposes to see it, and she will probably be accompanied by the Empress Frederick and Princess Marguerite of Prussia.

The little republic of Andorra in the Pyrenees is hereafter to have a salaried French judge to administer justice. Heretofore the judge of appeal in Andorra has been nominated by France and has depended for an income on the fees of litigants. Hereafter he will have three thousand francs a year from the French treasury.

A law is before the French Chambers to levy a tax of seven per cent. on the gross receipts of betting establishments at race courses. Four per cent. goes to the racing societies, two per cent. to the poor, and one per cent. for the encouragement of horse breeding in France. Bookmaking is not tolerated.

Prince Russ, ambassador of the German empire at Vienna, is spoken of as a probable successor of Prince Hohenlohe in governorship of Alsace-Lorraine. The prince is related to the kaiser, his wife being the daughter of the reigning grand duke of Saxe-Weimar, who is the German emperor's grand uncle.

The clergy of the Established church of England, not having been very successful of late in collecting tithes, a stock company has been formed to take this duty off the clergy's hands and go into the business as an investment.

International Labor Congress.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 17.—Invitations have been issued by the workmen's council to the socialist societies of Europe and the United States to send representatives to their international congress which will hold its opening session in this city on Aug. 9th, '91, and which will carry on its deliberations for one week. The action of the chamber of deputies in refusing to accede to the popular demand for the universal exercise of the right of suffrage, has stirred the labor organizations to their centers in Belgium where labor is more thoroughly organized than in any country on the European continent. The leaders of the movement have determined that henceforth the agitation for the franchise and an amelioration of the wage earners shall be unceasing. In accordance with this decision, meetings will be held at which the workmen will organize to participate in a general strike throughout the country. This strike promises to bring forth a movement, which while working through peaceful means, will be only possible of comparison in its final result with the French revolution. At all events that is what is claimed by the French-Belgian agitators. Meantime the workingmen have begun the collection of funds so that the movement shall not be endangered or impeded by the necessity of the families of strikers.

Affairs in Chili.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—The Gaulois to-day publishes a Buenos Ayres dispatch which states the revolutionists have defeated the government forces at Quillota and Coquimbo. The same dispatch reports the insurgents as rapidly increasing in numbers, and advancing upon Santiago de Chili, the capital. Only a few towns, the dispatch continues, remain loyal to the Chilian government. The movements of government troops is greatly retarded by the destruction of railways by the revolutionists. In the capital President Balmaceda is well supported, and is said to feel confident of his ability to repel the insurgents. Apprehension is felt that the effects of the revolt will prove disastrous to the financial and commercial interest of the country. During the course of a fight at Tarapaca, the mines at that place were set on fire, and afterwards flooded in an attempt to subdue the flames. The German minister, employed at the mines, fled into the interior. The work of destruction is supposed to have been done by a landing party from the insurgents' war vessel Coronel. The coal depots have been pillaged by insurgent sailors sent ashore to procure coal for the war ships.

Audacious Burglars.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—To-day in the Provincial bank of England, two stylishly dressed men accosted the clerk of the London branch of the bank of Scotland, who was at the moment engaged in making a deposit. The clerk turned to answer the stranger and thus distracted for an instant, the accomplice of the questioner rushed forward, seized a package of bonds and cheques representing many thousand pounds, which lay before the clerk, whose head was momentarily turned away, and before any one had a suspicion of what had happened, was out of the door and away scott free. Not the slightest trace of either robber or accomplice has yet been obtained by the police.

Strong Evidence.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—An examination by experts has been made of the knife, the ownership of which is attributed to the man arrested by the police on suspicion of being the murderer of "Carrotty Nell" on Saturday last, was found to be stained with human blood and bore traces of having recently been washed.

"Jack" on Deck.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—London is suffering from another "Jack the Ripper" fright. This morning a woman was found in a dying condition with her throat cut and suffering from a stab wound in her chest. The police, however, maintain that the woman committed suicide.

MR. KELLIE AT REVELSTOKE.

Several Public Questions Discussed—Resolutions Adopted.

REVELSTOKE, Feb. 14.—A large political meeting was held here to-night in the school house, called at the instance of J.M. Kellie, member for West Kootenay, to discuss the political situation, Mr. W. A. Jouett in the chair. After a few remarks the chairman called on Mr. Kellie to address the meeting. Mr. Kellie, in rising to respond, said a number of important questions would shortly come before the legislature, and he was most anxious to ascertain the views of his constituents in connection therewith. There was apparently a strong sentiment in certain quarters against the employment of Chinese on government railways, or other works aided by bonuses by the government. Then he was desirous of consulting them on railway matters, appropriations, etc., and hoped a full discussion would be had on these important public questions. He also wished to ascertain if it would not be advisable to give outlying districts some form of government, and that a council be elected to assist the government agent in disbursing government appropriations, and in assisting in projecting needed trails and roads through the district.

A resolution was passed, asking Mr. Kellie to use his influence against the employment of Chinese labor on any government work, or on any new railway lines, or other public works that might be bonused or assisted by government aid. This resolution was carried unanimously.

A resolution was unanimously adopted that in the opinion of this meeting an advisory board be elected to assist the government agent to look after affairs of the district.

Resolution No. 3, was to the effect that a minor who worked in or on mineral claims or mines for wages only, should not be obliged to take out a free miners' certificate. Carried.

Resolution No. 4, Resolved, that connection between the main line of the C.P.R. and Arrow Lake should be began and completed before Sept. 1, 1891, and a resolution to that effect be sent to Mr. Abbott so that winter connection could be established with Kootenay Lake district.

Resolution No. 5, Resolved, that a committee of three be appointed to draft a resolution to the Lieutenant-Governor that the people of the interior insist on being protected from any schemes of the United States railways into southern Kootenay district which will divert traffic from the interior and to reject all such charters as immical to the interests of the province. Considerable discussion was created by this motion. Messrs. Roser, Fraser, Valentine, King and others took part in the discussion and some cross-firing was the result. Mr. Kellie seeing this resolution was likely to be carried, strongly urged his constituents, before passing it, which meant raising a stone wall against American railways, that it should be seriously considered. He endeavored to impress on his audience the uselessness of trying to block out the Nelson and Fort Shepard railway as three railway lines would before June have easy and rapid communication with the Kootenay lake mine. He favored the Nelson and Fort Shepard railway because if that road was built, the C. P. R., would be compelled for self-protection to build a through line to Kootenay lake. The Canadian Pacific railway management was busily engaged in parrallelling eastern railway lines to get traffic for their road. They were under a brilliant and efficient management and if the Nelson and Fort Shepard road was allowed to go on they would have to turn their energies to British Columbia for self-protection. This would be of great benefit to this province. He was very favorably disposed to the C. P. R. He believed in treating them liberally, but would object to give them a monopoly of the whole earth. He cited England's greatness as an evidence that trade with foreign nations was most beneficial, and strongly urged his audience to vote down the resolution, but without effect. The resolution was carried by an overwhelming majority of 4 to 1. The meeting closed at a late hour after giving Mr. Kellie a hearty vote of thanks for the opportunity of discussion with the question affecting the district's welfare.

Rheumatism is like sand in the bearings of machinery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great lubricator, which cures the disease.

A KINGDOM IN MOURNING

LANDING OF KALAKAUA'S BODY AT HONOLULU.

Impressing Ceremonies Over the Dead King Emblems of Welcome Turned to Trappings of Woe—A Royal Burial—Scenes and Incidents Connected Therewith.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—The steam ship Alameda arrived this afternoon from Australia via Honolulu, bringing the news of the reception of the body of King Kalakaua, who died in the Palace hotel in this city, January 20. Most elaborate preparations had been made to mark the return of the sovereign in the most glorious manner possible.

The first intimation that the emblems of welcome were to be turned into trappings of woe was the arrival of the U. S. cruiser Charleston. She had made the trip from this port in six days, and was at anchor at considerable distance from Honolulu, where she remained all night.

At 8:10 on the morning of January 29 a telephone message was received at Honolulu from Diamond head that the U. S. cruiser Charleston was off Koko head with the American and Hawaiian flags at half mast.

Half an hour later the Charleston steamed slowly into the harbor. Admiral Brown of the Charleston signalled the U. S. ship Mohican that King Kalakaua had died in San Francisco, January 20, at 2:30 p.m., and that his remains were on board.

Captain Shepard immediately conveyed the intelligence to the foreign office and the tidings of the king's death were at once sent to the diplomatic and consular office.

The report was at first received as a practical joke, but when it was added that the Charleston had the American and Hawaiian flags at half mast it was realized that the king was dead.

In a comparatively short time the wharves and streets leading thereto were completely blocked by a dense, surging crowd. All available points of observation were quickly taken possession of by the poor natives who for weeks had been looking with wondering eyes at the gorgeous display of flags, bunting, triumphal arches and other emblems of welcome, and who now were suddenly confronted with the death of him who in life had been to them the embodiment of everything that was good and kind. They gave vent to their grief by setting up a loud and dismal wail.

The Charleston steamed slowly up the harbor, the stars and stripes floating at half mast at the peak. The conning towers, bridge, davitts, railing and cables were draped with crape. She rounded the lighthouse and dropped anchor opposite the king's boat house and swung into position.

The members of the cabinet had assembled at the landing, but only stayed a few moments. Joseph O. Carter, who had been appointed one of the committee to welcome his majesty at home, was the first aboard the flagship and received from Admiral Brown all the official dispatches to the Hawaiian government.

At the landing, awaiting the royal remains, were the ministers of the crown and the foreign ministers.

The firing of minute guns from the flagship announced the departure of the casket. The Mohican's and Hawaiian batteries chimed in with the solemn booming.

The barge fitted up as a catafalque made its way to the landing. Marines, preceded by the officers of the Charleston and the Mohican and the British warship Nymph, made up the escort. The casket was taken from the barge and escorted to the hearse by a squad of bluejackets. The faded floral tributes that had been placed upon it in this city were taken from it. The order to march being given, the escorting columns started for the palace, the Charleston band heading the procession. A guard of honor marched on either side of the hearse.

Meanwhile all business had been suspended and the schools closed. On its way to the palace the procession passed what was to have been the fire department's arch of welcome to the returning king. It was now draped with crape, and on the inscription board, instead of "Hail of Welcome," was the sorrowful legend, "We mourn Our Loss." On the triumphal arch at the Main gate of the palace grounds, the lively colors of the bunting originally entwined around pillars were hidden under solemn black crape.

The carriage drive to the front entrance to the palace was lined most of the distance on either side by the Hawaiian engine companies. They were dressed with their uniform of red shirts and black trousers and before each fireman a torch was burning, the staff of which was planted in the ground.

The palace was guarded by the Native Sons of Hawaii. The royal guards were stationed at the left of the palace steps, while the royal Hawaiian band was posted at the opposite side. Male and female singers and wailers were on the first veranda chanting their dismal tributes to departed greatness and rending the air with their melancholy wailings. Waiting to receive the royal remains were Hon. J. O. Dominis and staff.

As the head of the procession approached the palace the dowager queen, Kapiolani, appeared in the balcony directly above the main entrance. She displayed the greatest emotion and was completely overcome, swaying back and forth in her anguish. She alternately clasped her hands above her head and hid her face in her handkerchief.

Queen Liliuokalani appeared on the balcony and appeared inconsolable in her grief.

While the procession was approaching the palace a rainbow appeared directly over the building, which the natives construed as an omen of hope and prosperity for the kingdom.

The coffin was placed on a bier in the middle of the throne room. Upon it was laid the king's crown of state, resting on a beautiful pillow of velvet trimmed with gold, also his sword and scepter and the royal feather cloak, the latter formerly belonging to an old female chief.

Rear Admiral Brown and the principal officers were then presented to Queen Liliuokalani in the blue room. The body was then laid out in state.

All classes without distinction were admitted to view the royal remains. As is customary among the Hawaiians at the death of a sovereign the chief, native subjects, men, women and children, kept up an incessant wailing. Never since the death and burial of the lamented Queen Emma has such a national display of sorrow been shown as in the case of King Kalakaua.

Resolutions of condolence to the Queen dowager and of respect to the memory of the late king were adopted by the supreme court and by the bench and bar in general. The entire kingdom has entered upon a period of mourning, which will be continued until the last rites are paid to the monarch.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Short News Notes from the Inland Sentinel—Times Very Quiet.

The following are the readings of the thermometer for the week ending February 13th:—Mean temp. 26.3; mean of max. 36.6; mean of min. 17.3; snow ¾ inch.

A movement is on foot at Salmon Arm to have established there a properly officered railway station, so that passenger tickets may be issued and freights dealt with at the office.

The severest gale ever experienced on Okanagan lake was that of last week by the steamer Penticton. Capt. Shorts gives a bad account of it, but his craft managed to weather it all right.

A petition has been presented to parliament praying for the construction of a wagon road from Empire Valley to Hanesville. This road if opened up would be a great benefit to the Chilcoten plains.

Preparations are being made at Big Bar for a dredger to be worked on the Fraser. It is sincerely to be hoped that the parties who have taken an interest in the "deep water mines" will meet with success.

Mining prospects at Rock Creek are reported very promising. Mr. Coryell, C.E., of Vernon, is doing assessment work on his quartz claim near Lamby creek, and has already completed that on his mica claim near Osoyoos lake.

From the Kootenay Star.]

Walter Scott, of Illecillewaet has bonded for one year his mineral claim, the Sanguhor to Jas. Grant, of Ottawa, for the sum of $22,000. The Sanguhor is situated eight miles from the C. P. R., at the end of the government trail at the end of Albert Canyon. Sir Jas. Grant is satisfied the property is a good one and will have it thoroughly tested next summer.

Brakeman John Hopgood, who had his foot crushed at Beaver some weeks ago and now at the Donald hospital, will have to have the foot amputated, it is said, as mortification is setting in. Al. Vye, who had his leg taken off by falling under a car wheel at Rogers Pass, also at the Donald hospital, is doing very well.

Mr. J. W. Thompson returned this week from a visit to the Spallumcheen country. He says the work on the S. & O. railway goes on apace, the grading being almost completed to Enderby. The cut through the rock about twelve miles from Sicamous is the principal work unfinished, and this is being rapidly pushed along. The settlers along the line of the railway are busily engaged in getting out ties for the road.

During the past week C. P. R. Bridge Inspector Jake Serson and a gang of men have been engaged in driving piles along the smelter dock, to make it secure against the ravages of the river at high water. The piles have been driven into the earth twenty-five feet and the dock will be bulkheaded and filled in with brush and rock. It is likely the dock will be continued up to the inclined tramway, a hundred feet or so, and the piling and filling in will be extended around the bend of the river, the work to be done jointly by the Smelter Co., and the C. P. R. Co. These improvements will prevent any further washing away of the bank of the river at this point.

PASSENGERS.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—W Birmingham, W Hupton, J Polared, N P Bird, Mrs Larson, A J Clark, J W Prentiss, A Leigh, R Weil, T Jackson, N S Loomis, R Manionlans, T B Taff, Mrs Scott, Max Kioni, Henry Smith, W Klingberg, J Bridges, J E Ashwood, M F Backus, Mrs Hittel, J Chenowith, T Burkett, J R Wood, Mrs Lyons, E Dunsmore, L Vossert, J Graham W H Hammond, C N Richards, G Lyons, Miss Simpson, C Eisenbeis, R Van Antwerp, Capt Barneson, J Garvin, C Letts, T Schaefer, Mrs Klingberg, Oliver Roy, W H Graham and wife, W H Ellis, J A Kuhn, Wm Thornton, H Landes.

Per Steamer Louise from New Westminster—Mr and Miss Martin, J A Forin, J A Laidlaw, J C Brown, M P P, F C Cotton, J M Keith, J Oliver, M Morrisey, F Stirsky, H Morey, J McRae, J Ainsworth, G B Williams, J Bolston, J Doucett, J Phynns, W H Mytton, H N Carlow, J Grayner, R Winston, R G Sexsmith, W H Steves, W Whitney, J R Suter, Capt H J Robertson.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—C Virk, J B McKilligan, A Viloray, S Gordon, Miss O Ashley, J Mullen, A Clayton, A Gentry, F A Stevens, J French, J Mitchell, J Cunna, J Etzell, J O Gentry, M King, C F Miller, C Gustavenson, A C Heath, C W Harker, A Mueller and wife, S Oak, Miss H Stewart, C Mullen, C W Ritchie.

Per Str. City of Puebla from San Francisco—Miss Emma Chenowith, H Batchelor, James McWhinnie, R.T. Tatlow, H McKnight, Miss R Hart, Miss D Hart, Miss M C Brown, M Hart, G Broughall, J Hydes, Mrs Leaycraft, Mrs Bentley, M McGillis.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—A Johnson, R P Rithet & Co.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—Cowan & Gibson, Moore & Co, E G Prior & Co, T S Taff, Lens & Leiser, Rithet & Co, W J McDonald, Stevenson & Son.

Per steamer Louise, from Westminster—J Wrigleworth, Hastie & Erskine, J J Russell, Cowan & Wilson, Dominion Exp Co, G Vienna, J Patterson, J R Adler, B C Cattle Co, W. McDowell, B& Ker, G Tollick.

Per str. City of Puebla from San Francisco—J Reichenbach, J H Gaedes, J Sommers, Jas Fisher, J & A Clearihue, Langlitz & Horn, Matthews R & T, M Bentley, Marvin & Titton, M W Waitt & Co, M Harison, Yuen Lung, Nicholles & Renouf, H Maxsell, Vancouver Coal Mining Co, P McGuade & Son, Quong On Wo & Co, R Baker & son, H Maynard, S Leiser, Spratt & Gray, T E Walker, The Gable, The Singer Mfg Co, V Martinolich, Victoria Lumber Mfg Co, Valo and Brooks, W J Pendray, W Grimm, W Montgomery, Wells Fargo and Co, B C Mill, Albion Iron Works, A Schnetter, R Levy, Colbert and Warner, C H Woods, E H Ross and Co, D Lavin, E B Marvin, E G Prior and Co, Ellis and Co, G H Henry, Hudson Bay Co, H A Lilley, J H Todd and son, J Robertson, J Leahy, J Sohl, J Hartsley.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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And Overcoats
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Men's, Youths' Boys' and Children's
The Largest and Finest Assortment in the city. Every Coat a Bargain.
W. J. JEFFREE
40 YATES STREET.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES
JEWELLERY, SILVERWARE,
Clocks and Fancy Articles
CHEAP FOR CASH AT
DAVIDSON BROS.,
55 YATES STREET.

HUNTINGDON, B. C.,
Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,
IS NOW ON THE MARKET
A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial building are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.
HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.
Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.
S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.
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—USE—
"B. LAURANCE" SPECTACLES
A complete assortment of these goods now on hand at.
John Teague, Jr.'s, 57 Yates St.
We charge no fancy prices, and guarantee a glass accurately adjusted to any sight.
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Blank Books, Blank Books, Blank Books
—AT THE—
CENTRAL BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE
45 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B.C.
Headquarters for Office Supplies, School Books, Fine Art Stationery Novelties. Gold Pens and Pencils, Inks, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, Blank Books from the Bank Ledger down to the Vest Pocket Memorandum. You will save money by calling and getting our prices at
45 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C. J. R. KERR.

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T. J. LINDSAY,
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INCREASE YOUR COMFORT BY WEARING
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THEY ARE MORE DURABLE
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BRADEN'S
COUGH CURE
THE GREAT
ENGLISH
Cough Remedy
FOR
COUGHS
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D. E. CAMPBELL,
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Graduates of the United States College of Embalming.
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GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
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BOOT & SHOE
EMPORIUM
132 Government St., cor. Johnson

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Becher Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraphic line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.

CHARLES WILSON,
fe2-6w Solicitor for Applicants.

NOTICE

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Good, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILLIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

FENCE POSTS
Split cedar fence posts for sale in small or large lots. Leave orders at
SCOTCH BAKERY, 103 DOUGLAS ST.
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THE PEERLESS THE CHAMPION
Weather Strips
Applied to doors and windows.
They stop the drafts.
They save the fuel.
They preserve the furniture.
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Sold and fitted by
J. P. BURGESS,
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MID-WIFE
Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.
RESIDENCE:
Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

NEW GOODS

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT

ENGLISH SUITS, Men's, Youths' and Children's

JUST TO HAND.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

97 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA.

NEW GOODS

10 Per Cent. Discount on Overcoats

TILL MARCH 1ST.

EXPERIMENTAL DAIRY FARMS.

Plan Proposed by Prof. W. Robertson for their General Establishment.

The following is an outlining of the plan which Prof. W. J. Robertson proposes for the establishment of branch experimental dairy stations in the several provinces of the Dominion.

THE NEED.

I. The magnitude of the dairy interests of Canada is unequalled by any other single branch of agriculture or manufacture in the Dominion. The success of the cheese trade in Ontario and Quebec has been satisfactory to the farmers. The other provinces, in many respects, are as well adapted for the prosecution of this industry, but a little outside encouragement is needed to set it going in them.

I would cite the case of Prince Edward Island, which is admirably suited for the development of dairying upon a large scale. Over twelve years ago several cheese factories were established; they were managed with such ill success that now the farmers are doubtful as to whether there is not some inherent condition in their situation, soil, cattle or circumstances, which prevents them from succeeding.

A branch experimental station there would serve for direction, illustration and demonstration, and thus help both manufacturers and farmers.

II. Then the milk from cows in Quebec is different in quality from milk in Ontario. Investigations into the best methods of carrying on the business in each of the provinces would furnish valuable guidance for the dairymen of each. As an instance of the need of this, let me refer to the experience of one brief trip to the Saguenay district last summer. One cheesemaker drove 60 miles to receive one day's instruction from me at a factory at Ha! Ha! bay. His patrons reported afterwards that the cheese from his factory sold for one cent per pound relatively higher than they did before. A branch experimental station could be visited at least once a year by a large number of cheesemakers.

III. Then the instructors of the cheese-makers in the several provinces would acquire uniformity in their methods, from having the privilege of visiting these stations. That would do away with the differing qualities and the names—as "Ontario cheese," "French cheese," and give us a better reputation for uniformly fine "Canadian cheese."

IV. Then the manufacture of small, fancy varieties of cheese which are in great demand in England,—as well as in home markets—could be introduced into Canada through these experimental stations. A few trial shipments of these to foreign markets would furnish useful data for the guidance of dairymen and the promotion of trade.

V. The farmers in sections are now beginning to turn their attention to winter dairying. The export butter trade of Canada has almost clean gone from us, and in my opinion the only way to build up a large trade in butter, is to encourage the manufacture of it during the winter.

No endeavor will be made to displace the cheese industry by one for butter. Our country is exceptionally well fitted for the production of cheese during the summer, even if not so well situated as many other competive countries for for the production of butter for export during that season. It is possible to develop the butter-making industry during the winter months to as great magnitude, and with more remunerative profits to agriculturists than arise from summer dairying. The possibilities of cheap and suitable winter feed by the use of ensilage have been so well and satisfactorily demonstrated that now milk can been produced at less cost during the winter than upon pastures only during the summer. In the winter season, the average price of butter is almost twice as much as during the summer. Safe transportation can be economically provided for during the cold weather.

VI. The buyers in England hardly know what fresh-made Canadian creamery butter is like. The quantities exported are often stale before they reach the consumer. That fact led the members of the Dominion dairy convention in Ottawa last year to pass a resolution urging upon the government the desirability of making a provision of at least $5000 for the purpose of making weekly shipments with a view to opening up this trade.

The Danish government supervised the shipments of butter for a considerable period, and one of the Australian governments gives bonuses now to promote shipments.

VII. These branch experimental stations would encourage the farmers to furnish milk during the winter season, and also provide small quantities of finest butter to be used as trial shipments for introducing fresh made creamery butter to foreign markets.

Butter has been carried by the Canadian Pacific railway across our continent to Asiatic markets, and Canadians ought to be able to supply those markets.

The West Indies offer many markets that might be secured to Canadians by the making of a few trial shipments in specially adapted packages. The publishing of the results of these, would furnish valuable commercial data and the enterprise of commerce would do the rest.

THE PLAN.

VIII. The plan is a feasible one, and well within the usual policy of governments in looking after the interests of the farmers, and the foreign as well as the domestic trade of Canada.

IX. Branch experiment dairy stations should be organized in the several provinces for the stimulation and guidance of dairy farmers. Through them it would be practicable to spread acceptable information as to the best practice. Everyone would be welcome to visit and learn. Frequent publications of bulletins on the results of experiments would keep them before the public, and that within a few months from their establishment.

X. New, small and fancy varieties of cheese would be made.

XI. Investigations under the direction of the dairy commissioner would be made; and some of the cheese would be brought to the curing room in the dairy building at the experimental farm to prosecute enquiries into the causes of bad flavor in cheese, which is becoming a menace to the success of the trade in recent years.

XII. Butter would be made at the stations, particularly during the winter, for use as already indicated, viz., to promote winter dairying among farmers and to facilitate the getting a foreign demand at high prices for Canadian butter.

(I put this illustration in here. At the Colonial and Indian Exhibition in 1886, I had charge of over $20,000 worth of butter and cheese sent there by the provincial government of Ontario. The fresh made creamery butter was sold to take the place of Danish butter, and during intervening years I have had enquiries for such butter from importers, who state that they will pay the Danish price for quality similar to what they received then. Presently and up till now no provision has been made promoting the commerce in butter.)

XIII. I would suggest that suitable cheese factories or creamery buildings be rented by the year in the several provinces. A guarantee by the dairy commissioner would be given to the farmers who furnished milk, that they would receive for it a price equal to or slightly higher than the average price realized from neighboring factories.

XIV. A sum of $1500 annually for the running expenses of each station and to provide for probable losses in trial shipments of butter would be sufficient to cover the expenditure; an extra sum of $500, for each station for apparatus and fittings, would be required the first year. The location of the experimental stations need not be permanent in one district in any province. After serving one district for a year or two the station could be transferred to another; and after several years work, if the stations had fully served the purpose of their existence, they could be discontinued, and the plant could be disposed of.

XV. The Imperial Parliament gives a grant of £5000 sterling for the support of similar stations and instruction.

THE ADVANTAGES.

XVI. Some of these have already been pointed out incidentally.

This is a most opportune time for the establishment of these stations.

Recent occurrences that have interfered with commerce have directed the attention of farmers to the possibilities of making farming pay better, by new methods and the acquisition of new markets. The time is ripe for leading the farmers in the right direction.

These stations would be very useful and exceedingly popular with the agricultural classes. If provision is made for their establishment, no effort will be spared to make them realize more than has been set forth in this brief memorandum.

I have discussed the plan and its advantages with Professor Saunders, director of Dominion experimental farms, and he approves of the proposals. Respectfully submitted by JAS. W. ROBERTSON, Dairy Commissioner.

The people of the World's Dispensary of Buffalo, N.Y., have a stock-taking time once a year and what do you think they do? Count the number of bottles that've been returned by the men and women who say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription didn't do what they said it would do.

And how many do you think they have to count. One in ten? Not one in five hundred!

Here are two remedies—one the "Golden Medical Discovery," for regulating and invigorating the liver and purifying the blood; the other, the hope of weakly womanhood; they've been sold for years, sold by the million bottles; sold under a positive guarantee, and not one in five hundred can say: "It was not the medicine for me!" And—is there any reason why you should be the one? And—supposing you are, what do you lose? Absolutely nothing!

Stanley Books.

Stanley books are now as common as coughs and colds. To get rid of the latter use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best Canadian cough cure for children or adults. It cures by its soothing, healing and expectorant properties, every form of throat and lung trouble, pulmonary complaints, etc.

Not Compulsory.

The new pharmaceutical bill, now before the House will not make it imperative that prescriptions be made up at any particular drug store. Meantime those who require drugs would do well to take their prescriptions to C. E. Jones, the new drug store, Telegraph block, Government street, just near James Bay bridge.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM CURES COUGHS COLDS HOARSENESS, ETC

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

REQUISITION

To Messrs. E. G. Prior and Thomas Earle.

GENTLEMEN,—In view of the very important matters likely to come before the new Parliament about to be elected, affecting the general welfare of the Dominion, and (as we anticipate) in particular the commercial interests of this district, and realizing how vitally necessary it is that we should be represented in that Parliament by members of experience ability and honesty of purpose, which your records in the last House have proved to us you are fully possessed of,

We, the undersigned voters hereby request you to allow yourselves to be put in nomination for re-election, as our representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, and we pledge you our support and influence to secure your election.

T Sidney Dobbin, Kenneth McKenzie, Fred Davey, Philip D Gospel, Arthur D Lewis, Richard Downer, H Logan, A Phillips, Thos Dodds, John Devereaux, A D Grieve, W Young, John Bogle, James McAuslan, R Keeler, Wm Rothwell, Wm Robinson, Victor Jensen, J J Austin, Wm H Routledge, W C Shaw, S P Mills, Wm Whittaker, Geo Morrison, J G Cameron, W H Danby, Fleming Bros, S M Hartman, David Spencer, H Young, C W Kaumerer, Robert Mitchell, George Steitz, P Hickey, John B Chantrell, George H Garesche, Thomas Harman, Richard Hall, J C Marshall, A R Cameron, Geo F Fox, A G Sargison, P S Maclure, H Kent, Wm Croft, B Gordon, N Fitzstubbs, E W Spencer, Robert Dexter, A R Banester, W Cowling, G Doughty, Charles Kent, Theodore Davie, J R Anderson, F Gilcarist, Thos Tugwell, E W Matthews, C N Cameron, Braden and Stamford, W m Gordon, R F Tolmie, D E Campbell, Philip J Hall, H B Rendell, D O'Leary, W H Mason, William Lorimer, W J Smith, John Haggerty, O H Goodwin, Jas L Raymur, S W Buckham, Thos Gerrin, W H Philipps, John Drane, William Mann, G H Brown, John Colbert, H Devlin, A J Briggs, R P McLennan, Simeon Duck, Wm Dalby, A Gregg and Son, W G Stevenson, John Teague, jr., J F Smith, H W Fawcett, H T Mann, Robert Heron, Arthur Smith, John P. Elford, Beaumont Boggs, J E Crane, Jas Ramsey, W Jackson, Frederick Pauline, Wm Craft, J H Westcott, Fred Carne, jr., James Tolmie, R Maynard, A H Maynard, W F Tolmie, Sam H Goodwin, Wm Mable, H A Lilley, Shore and Anderson, L Dickenson, Wm Field, Jas Maynard, W Tippins, Ernest H Hanington, W Bickford, Hy Jewell, M R Smith, H Smith, F B Pemberton, J D Pemberton, J D Weller, J W Weller, Hy Moss, J J Cowley, Jos Rhode, James Daley, A St Geo Flint, B Williams, Thos S Futcher, Frank Bourne, W A McLean, P T Johnston, J S Helmcken, Jno. Irving, R. S. Byrn, W. A. Ward, A. R. Langley, J. C. Macinnes, E. B. Marvin, P. Steele, W. H. Ellis, Matthew T. Johnson, J. H. Turner, Walter H. Smallfield, Henry Harvey, John G. Cox, John Newby, Frank M. Yorke, J. M. Cowper, F. Appleton, John T. Fee, F. W. Foster, W. T. Marvin, L. Marks, H. Bornstein, U. F. G. Gardiner, James Mitchell, R. C. McDermid, Donald Mackay, F. W. Vincent, Ross Monro, R. J. Ker, R. H. Benedict, J. Griffith, A. C. Flummerfelt, J. A. 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P. Rithet, Thos. H. Baker, Phil. A. Phillips, George Watson, P. McAra, J. Hock, A. Milligan, M. H. Cowan, Daniel McLachlan, S. B. Kelly, John Wilson, R. A. Pauline, Jas. Gaudin, Samuel Reed, R. A. Cunningham, Lewis Lewis, A. Lewis & Co., G. H. Burns, F. A. Pauline, G. Leiser, Jas. J. Sargison, Wm. M. Chudley, John A. Duncan, H. B. W. Aikman, A. Carmichael, B. H. Tyrwhitt Drake, R. Seabrook, J. Peters, J. H. Todd, H. Dallas Helmcken, James C. Prevost, F. W. Tessel, C. C. Pemberton, W. Ridgeway Wilson, Thos. C. Sorby, Wm. Jensen, Henry Lawson, Jas. Muirhead, Wm. Turpel, Jas. Townsley, Jas. March, Alex. Sangster, John Frank, R. Townsley, J. D. Milne, J. Hellier, Wm. Jenkins, Robt. Clarke, H. Cook, Jas. H. McGregor, Wm. McIlwaine, Jas. Colquhoun, W. H. Collister, J. Haggart, J. Watson, J. S. Mires, S. Latham, William Pettierew, Francis Nash, Wm. Ellis, D. Russell, W. Copeland, Anthony Watson, Alexander McLaren, James Lyon, John Allan, A. P. Luxton, Arthur H. Peatt, W. Fisher, J.P., H. Helgeson, Edward Vine, J. P. Charles Ball, H. H. Francis, T. G. Stothard, Geo. Cole, W. Witty, S. Hoye, Arthur H. Peat, Walter River, James McKinly, Geo. D. Roper, Charles Roper, D. Campbell, Charles McKay, S. D. Robertson, Geo. F. Giles, G. H. Proctor, William Stark, James Pettierew, John L. Russell, Geo. Moore, Fred Winkel, Alfred Monk, Alfred Synn, George Watkins, H. G. Waterson, E. J. E. Dixon, J. H. Santin, Dan McDonald, Mark Lepine, Napoleon Miallte, John Conlon, A. McGregor, John J. Mundorf, Richard Nash, Geo. Clyde, D. D. Graham, Allison Johns, Andrew Kirk, Hector Dow, Rowland Brittain, Robert Semple, Thos. E. Wood, Herbert Dodson, Geo. Madigan, James Mansell, Frank Riedel, James Travis, James Dakers, Wm. Munsley, James Stevens, Edward Coley, C. F. Barron, T. H. Tye, Henry Kisker, Adam Weir, Geo. Cook, Thomas Argyle, George Battersby, Alex. Campbell, Geo. Brown, E. S. Field, Geo. Pears, Thomas Duke, R. Price, Edward Hutton, Robert H. Roper, H. H. Roper, A. Smith, J. W. Knight, J. R. McKenzie, W. McKitrick, John McLean, Alex. Moir, W. Mercer, Alfred Bland, J. Sherk, W. H. L. Olive, Joseph Backus, M. D. Gleason, Walter Poole, H. Cummings, William Boddy, John Burbridge, Robert Davison, R. C. Douglas, J. A. Northcott, Leonard Robinson, George W. Robinson, John Roskamp, Richard W. Roper,

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to thank you most sincerely for the very flattering and numerously signed requisition you have seen fit to present us with requesting us to allow our names to be put in nomination for re-election as your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons.

After such an expression of confidence from so many of our fellow citizens in our honesty of purpose and our ability to worthily represent you, we feel that we cannot do otherwise than accede to your request, and, therefore offer ourselves for re-election.

We will, in due course, publish our views on the principal questions affecting the Province and the Dominion.

If re-elected, we shall in the future, as in the past, leave nothing undone that we, in our judgment, may consider to be to the interest of our District and Province.

We have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,
E. G. PRIOR,
THOMAS EARLE.

MEDICAL.

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

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THE CRY OF MILLIONS

OH, MY BACK!

STOP IT NOW,

SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 8th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when kind Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

G. A. TUFFER,
Proprietor Occidental Hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal.

D. E. CAMPBELL, AGENT,
NO. 66 FORT STREET. sep9-1yr

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov1

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION,

A SUCCESFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING

Has cured thousands in cases of Acute Chronic Nervous Debility, Weakness from all diseases consequent on youth. Nervous Debility, Dimness of sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Stunted Development, Loss of power Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for study, Excessive indulgence, etc. Every bottle guaranteed. Four weeks' treatment. Address, enclosing money, the remedy will be sent by return mail. Address, J. E. HAZELTON, Druggist, 49 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

ERRORS OF YOUNG AND OLD

Organic Weakness, Falling Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for study, Excessive indulgence, etc. Every bottle guaranteed. Four weeks' treatment. Address, enclosing money, the remedy will be sent by return mail. Address, J. E. HAZELTON, Druggist, 49 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

THE HALL OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY IN Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms. fe14

COME AND SEE

THE NEW JAPANESE STORE

Just received a large importation of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN and we are now able to offer to the Public the finest lot of Japanese Curios in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced. As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have

Respectfully Yours,

"ROKUBAN,"

NEW JAPANESE STORE,

150 Government street near Johnson.

no18-1m

—THE—

Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.

103 GOVERNMENT STREET,

PRINCIPAL—Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat.: Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F.S.Sc. and Lit. London, &c.

DAY PUPILS—$8 per month.

EVENING PUPILS—$5 per month.

ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.

BOARDERS—$260 per annum or $25 per month.

Bargains in Clothing AND Underclothing.

Being about to retire from business my entire stock of Clothing and Underwear, Trunks and Valises, and Hats are selling 30 per cent. below the usual price.

For sale or to let the well known stand with fixtures situated at 44 Yates street.

LEWIS LEWIS.

o24-3m

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is *Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.*

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY (Limited).

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS For Sale on Easy Terms.

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.

Victoria, Dec 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TILL Wednesday, 18th inst., at 12 noon for the erection and completion of a residence in Victoria West for B. Boggs, Esq.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications to be seen at office of

JOHN TEAGUE,
fe10-td Architect, Pounce Ave.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEPARATE OR BULK TENDERS WILL be received by the undersigned until Saturday the 21st of February, for the erection and completion of an Hotel and three Stores, to be built on the Dallas Road, on lots 11 and 12, near the Outer Wharf for Wm. Jensen, Esq.

Plans and specifications may be seen and any other information may be obtained by applying to the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDWARD McCOSKRIE,
Architect, Sommers Block, Yates St., Victoria.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

STEAMER FOR SALE

The Twin Screw Steamer Cariboo Fly,

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of boats, life boats, bedding, linen, etc.

Length 132ft. 2in.
Beam 22ft. 3in.
281 87-100 Tons.

For further particulars apply to

HENRY SAUNDERS,
Johnson street, Victoria.

Nanaimo and Vancouver papers please copy. fo10-tf

DURING REBUILDING

H. L. SALMON,

Smokers' Provider,

—HAS—

Removed to 111 Government St.,

NEARLY OPPOSITE.

All Smokers articles at cost on account of lack of room. ja27-3m

FRANK B. FENWICK,

TENOR VOCALIST.

Organist & Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church.

VOCAL TEACHER ANGELA COLLEGE.

TEACHER OF

Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory.

VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY.

TERMS MODERATE.

Residence, 142 Menzies Street, Victoria.

P. O. Box 448. no7-tf

REMOVED.

H. G. WATERSON,

JOB PRINTER

Office over Erskine's Shoe Store.

GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-tf

--: PRINTING :--

By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,

38 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

ap17-1y

B. C. POTTERY AND TERRA COTTA CO. (Limited).

Authorized Capital, $60,000

OFFICE

61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)

WORKS,

CONSTANCE COVE ROAD,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Ware,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings A SPECIALTY.

Nov13-3m

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency.

Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells Fargo & Co.

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger.

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.

114 YATES ST

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—A general office clerk; must have good address. Address P.O. box 106. fe17-tf

WANTED—A woman as cook and general servant; wages $25. Apply to 106 Simcoe street, James Bay. fe17-tf

WANTED—To rent a small house. Near to Beacon Hill Park preferred, will take lease of furniture at valuation. Address B. X. TIMES office. feb16-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished room for gentleman. Bath, hot and cold water. Handy to town. Terms moderate. Address G. H. K. TIMES Office. feb16-tf

TO LET—Offices and rooms Turner Block, Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street. fe12 1m.

TO LET—Two or three furnished bedrooms in a private family in James Bay; quite near the tramway. Address box 245, G.P.O., Victoria, B.C. fe12-tf

FIRST CLASS accommodation for house keeping. Rooms and kitchen completely furnished. 63 Superior street. Cars pass the door. jan30-tf

TO LET—House with 7 rooms and bath; rent $25 a month. Enquire of J. A. Lawrence, No. 40 Government street. jan27-tf

TO RENT—Two front rooms furnished, bay windows; No. 307 Douglas street, second house from tramcar terminus. ja27-tf

TO LET—Two snug furnished rooms for light house keeping, to parties of good address. Apply to Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia avenue. ja20-1m

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. no28-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New fishing boat 21ft. x 7ft. 6in. Inquire of Foot, boat builder, Warren's Wharf, James Bay. fe17-1w

FOR SALE—Cheap; a good hotel business. Address "Hotel" TIMES office. fe5-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap; a five roomed house and lot 60x140. Apply on the premises, 19 Pioneer street or 90 Yates street. ja24-tf

FOR SALE—Cottage and lot corner Carr and Simcoe streets, James Bay; one block from Beacon Hill and two from the beach; also one lot on Simcoe street. Apply to S. Lowe, 121m

FOR SALE—In one piece, all that part of Strawberry Vale Farm situated on the north side of the Burnside road, and containing 50½ acres, all under fence; there is a never failing running stream of water; about 120 acres under cultivation; 150 acres can be easily cleared; small willow and alder; the balance very fine oak and pine; about one mile frontage on Burnside road; about two miles from Victoria and about a mile and a quarter from railway station, Esquimalt; price $90 per acre. Apply to John J. Russell, Victoria, P.O. Box 302. ja8-tf

FOR SALE—New 7-roomed houses; bath, hot and cold water; all modern conveniences. Apply J. Holland, city. de6-tf

BOARD.

VACANCIES—For a few boarders. Apply to No. 8 Humboldt street; 3 minutes walk from Post Office. fe9-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—An Irish terrier pup about a week ago; finder will be rewarded by returning same to No. 30 Caledonian Avenue. fe17-1w

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY. Established 1797. Amount insured upwards of $700,000,000. H. B. PELMUKEEN, Agent, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. ja7-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E. MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District. Address P. O. Box 356, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake B. C. ja29

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS. And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

SOCIETIES.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.S. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pandora streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday in every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY, Scribe E. e1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PRIDHAM, K. of R. & S. oct9

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

ARCHITECTS.

T. R. NORGATE & CO., ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND PATENT AGENTS. Sketches, Plans, Elevations, Specifications etc., prepared. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria B. C. m20tf

EDWD. McCOSKRIE ARCHITECT AND BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT, Belmont Co. Block, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. P.O. box 41. se25-tf

HOOPER & GODDARD ARCHITECTS. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

P. R. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT. Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap22tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new office corner of Broad street and Trounce fe20tf

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL CIVIL, MECHANICAL, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation, 1701 Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDER NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

FINANCIAL.

A HOME PAID FOR and mortgages and debts liquidated BY LIFE ASSURANCE. Full particulars may be obtained by letter or on personal application to J. H. BROWNLEE, District Manager, Equitable Life, Telephone No. 179. ja30 42 Fort st.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL, Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; Graduate in Eye, Philadelphia; late Assistant Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets. Hours, 10 to 4. Residence, corner Fort and Quadra. Hours, 6 to 7.30. no11-3m

HOMŒOPATHY DR. JOHN HALL 98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store. CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY. Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sundays and holidays.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. au22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ELECTRO-PLATING AND GILDING By a practical hand. Old plate made like new. Orders left at 37 Fort street will be promptly attended to. ja14-1m

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON'S SPECIAL COLUMN

CITY REAL ESTATE.

$500—Belmont Avenue (Fernwood;) high situation; one lot.

$900—Rithet street; lot 54x180.

$900—South Turner street; 52x112.

$1000—Richardson street; 60x120; corner lot.

$1250—Simcoe street 52 ft. 6 in. x 135 ft.

$1400—Pandora street; near Cook street; lot 60x120.

$1500—Facing Beacon Hill Park; 2 good lots.

$1600—Corner lot 80x130 on Toronto street.

$2150—Fernwood Road; 220ft frontage.

$8500—Belcher street; 5 acres; handsome residential site.

$10000—Government street; two lots near gas works.

TO LET.

$18—Johnson street; six roomed cottage.

$25—Niagara street; 8 roomed house.

$27.50—Simcoe street; 10 rooms; two storey.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

$275—Burnside road; two good lots 62ft. 6in.x131ft.

$350—Hulton street (near Oak Bay avenue) all cleared, good soil, no rock.

$400—Burnside road; ¼ of an acre; $50 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; all cleared and no rock or swamp.

$500—Cloverdale Estate; ½ acre; ½ cash; balance to suit.

$700—Gorge road; ½ acre; $75 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; a fine building site.

$1800—Lake Hill Estate; 6 acres; in good location.

$6000—Esquimalt road; 4 acres; suitable for subdivision.

$7500—Cordova Bay, near Cedar Hill Park; good soil; 50 acres; beautiful situation.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$2200—Green street; 2 storey house; 8 rooms

$2500—Pandora street; new cottage; 7 rooms; can be completed to suit purchaser; easy terms.

$3000—Third street, Work Estate; two storey house, 10 rooms.

$3750—Simcoe street; two story; 10 rooms; substantially built; modern conveniences.

FARMS.

15—Acres, Carey road (chicken ranch); $4500.

100—Acres, Esquimalt District; $30 per acre

100—Acres Victoria District; $125 per acre.

500—Acres Westminster District; $40 per acre.

200—Acres Lake District; $250 per acre.

NOTICE.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company has again started running the afternoon trains on Saturdays and Mondays.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11.30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited, At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts. By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line
Two weeks	25 " "
One month	20 " "
Three months	45 " "
Six months	$1 50 " "
One year	2 75 " "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

THROWING DUST IN THE PEOPLE'S EYES.

The Colonist attempts to make it appear that Canada by adopting unrestricted reciprocity must necessarily adopt the highest protective policy the world has ever seen. Granting such to be the case, how much worse off would Canada be than she is at present? The difference between the Foster tariff and the McKinley tariff is not excessive. Shake them both up in a sack and it would be difficult to tell which would come out first. As a matter of fact, however, high tariff in the States is doomed. The recent elections proved that beyond cavil. So soon as it is possible to affect a change in the tariff it will be done. Inside of four years the United States will be all but a free trade country. It is useless, therefore, for the Conservatives to hold that unrestricted reciprocity means high tariff for Canada. By the time Canada and the United States shall have effected arrangements for reciprocal trade, McKinleyism will have been relegated to the limbo of political mistakes and tariff on this continent, if it is in operation at all, will be for revenue only.

GOVERNMENT POLICY.

Victoria has two candidates in the field for the Dominion House, who, inobjectionable as they may be personally, are, in respect of their political leanings a brace of silurians. In designating them thus, we mean, of course, that they are Tories of "purest ray serene," representatives of a party which never learns anything and which never forgets anything, and which, as a party, has never distinguished itself save as the sturdy, uncompromising foe of reform. The record of the Tory is that of one, who is opposed to progress. The *status quo* is good enough for him. We glance through English history in vain for some reform movement in which he has participated. The Tory is everlastingly in negation, and his howl is, when a great reform movement is pending: "The Empire is in danger!"

It has been Canada's misfortune to be dominated by men of this stripe, some of whom were imported direct from the old sod. Canada and the thirteen colonies started out even. Montreal, Halifax, Quebec and St. John had as good opportunities as Portland, Boston and New York. The soil behind the Canadian cities was in every way as rich as that behind the cities of the detested Yankees, besides Canada had the prestige of being under the protection of the British Empire. Canada was England's protege, a colony to be encouraged as a foil to the development of the great southern nation, their own flesh and blood. But Canada stood almost still. The Tory having no individuality of his own, and fearful of raising up a colonial empire, which should throw the mother country in the shade, simply vegetated, and the monotony of Canada's existence was broken only by the carousals of such of the English aristocracy as chose to pay the country a visit either for the purpose of hunting or of fishing. In 1780 the population of the thirteen colonies was three millions. What the population of of Canada was, we do not know, but it was not less than 500,000, and probably was nearer a million. In 1880 the population of the United States was 60,000,000, that of Canada was, say 4,500,000. How shall we account for this tremendous discrepancy? Why should the difference in growth of the respective sections have been so tremendous? It is impossible to account for the slow growth of Canada on any other hypothesis than that the Tories were afraid that the colony of Canada would overshadow Great Britain herself. And this is what is troubling Col. PRIOR and Mr. EARLE. They propose to go to Ottawa, not as representatives of Victoria, but as the agents of the British manufacturer, and the tools of the members of the "red parlor." They call that patriotism; they have the effrontery to tell Victorians that their interests are identical with monopoly, plutocracy and Chinese cheap labor. Why, Col. PRIOR did not have the "sand" to vote in the interest of his constituents in the matter of the touching of the Japan steamers at this port. The empire was in danger, and he found himself in an "awkward position." Next, Col. PRIOR rises to explain that Canada must have the protection of England. The protection of England against what? The United States? What protection has Mexico against the United States? In the spring of 1865, when the Americans had a million of veteran troops in the field and the only iron-clad navy afloat, the Northern states raging over the Trent affair, and the harboring of rebel incendiaries, what prevented the invasion of Canada at that time? Col. PRIOR when he talks about the need of British protection for Canada flies in the face of history and attempts to give the lie to the well known peace policy of the Americans. Shall the destiny of Canada be held back for fear of a Yankee invasion, a figment of the Tory imagination? The policy of the United States is peace and the preservation of the *status quo* on this continent. Time and again have the United States iterated this principle. But the Canadian Tory will not have it that way. According to our redoubtable carpet knight, the American Eagle would pounce down on the Canadian Beaver, but for the British Lion. All this is pure "rot." No intelligent man thinks as Col. PRIOR professes to think. Mr. ROBT. WARD don't think so and his loyalty cannot be questioned.

But to pass on to reciprocity. If it would make two blades of grass grow where now grows but one, or rather if it would double the size of this city, would it not be madness to reject such conditions? Is it at all likely that this city, twice as large and twice as rich as it is under the operations of reciprocity, would be less loyal than it is at present? Does Col. PRIOR pretend to say that the more prosperous he is the more disloyal he will become? Col. PRIOR, unable to adduce an argument in favor of National Policy, falls back on the "loyalty" business. He is like the American politician, who, a few years ago, having no argument to support his claims proceeded to wave the "bloody shirt."

There can be no political affiliation with the States. Aside from patriotic reasons, there are grave political reasons that require that Canada maintain a separate autonomy. Cling to Britain, however, as much as we may, hate the United States as much as we will, we cannot get rid of the fact that we are neighbors, and that the United States are the great, and in fact only consumers of out products. Without that market Canada must suffer from business stagnation, and the demand for free soup must steadily increase. A high customs tariff is "played out." Canada cannot afford to remain commercially moribund in the interest of the red parlor, and the susceptibilities of men who are guided wholly by the prejudice of caste. Canada prosperous will remain loyal, but Canada poverty-stricken can never be anything else than the home of malcontents.

FROM AN AMERICAN STANDPOINT.

The restrictionist speakers and the restrictionist press are puzzling their wits to convince the people that the issue in the present contest involves the "loyalty" of the people, if not the ultimate political destiny of the Dominion. The case is fairly, temperately and truthfully put by the St. Paul Pioneer Press, in its issue of February 11th. We quote the entire article for the special enlightenment of the Colonist and jingoism generally. That journal says:

"Fairness in politics, if we are to judge from the manifestoes of the Canadian Tory party, is as much at a discount north of the boundary as south of it. There is not the slightest attempt to state the situation as it is, in the proclamations of Sir JOHN MACDONALD and his lieutenants. What they rely upon is an appeal to national pride, national jealousy and race hatred. And this they propose to work for all it is worth. A Liberal success, says Sir JOHN, means unrestricted commerce with the United States; means not only the abolition of customs duties between the two countries, but the assimilation of the two tariff systems, the maintenance of high duties against the mother country, and the gradual political absorption of Canada by the greater nation. This is the bugaboo that the Tories have prepared to scare the Canadian voter. Appealing to him as a loyal subject of the Crown, they ask him to declare against virtual annexation; as if annexation were spoken or thought of, or were a practical or possible issue of this election.

"At the same time that the party in power threatens the people with this rod in one hand, it holds out a sugar plum in the other. Reciprocity, for it is Janus-faced. When the Liberals advocate commercial freedom, it is supposed to mean political subjugation; when the Tories take it up, it means simply freer trade. Sir JOHN is aware that the people of Canada desire the removal of some of the existing obstructions to trade; that they are rightfully impatient at being shut out from their best market; that reciprocity has for them a taking sound and a hopeful meaning. Denouncing reciprocity, therefore, as he must when the Liberals propose it, he is eager, for political effect, to placate the people by declaring that he is ready with a reciprocity policy of his own. He has baited his hook with everything that will tempt a bite. He hopes to scare those who fear American influence in Canada by the horrible word "annexation," and the patriotic cry, "Canada for Canadians;" at the same time that he persuades the reciprocity people that he is really on their side. This interesting effort to carry water on both shoulders is about all there is of the Canadian campaign.

"We, on this side of the line, are at least in a position to see the issues clearly. And Canadian citizens ought not to be as easily fooled as Sir JOHN supposes. We can tell them in very few words exactly how the matter stands. The United States is favorable to a reciprocity agreement; but it must be one that means something. We do not ask, at present, possibly a majority of our people do not desire absolute free trade between the United States and Canada, or the establishment of a virtual commercial union, although that may come in the future. But we are not going to waste time on any such trade arrangements as Sir JOHN MACDONALD has in mind. He is the sort of politician who drives a sharp bargain. All his idea is to propose the kind of reciprocity to which we will not listen, such as mutual free trade in natural products only, and then to say that he has done all he can, and that we will not be party to any fair agreement. Canada may as well understand that the continuance of Sir JOHN and his party in power will be fatal to any extension or liberalizing of present trade relations. If he asserts the contrary, he is making a mere pretense. We are ready to consider those new relations which would be advantageous to both nations, when she is ready. Meantime we are well content to wait, having much business of our own to attend to. The question of "annexation" does not exist. The mention of it is wholly fradulent and misleading. As far as reciprocity, or greater freedom of trade is concerned, we have no advice to offer to Canada, but we can tell her one plain fact which may keep her from being fooled. There will be no greater liberty of trade between the countries while the party of Sir JOHN is in power. The coming election ought to be held with that fact in full view of the voter. Understanding that, let Canada decide as seems best to her."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

At a political meeting in Toronto, the hall was decorated with such mottoes as "True Loyalty" "Taxes old flag 35 per cent," "Down with Monopoly," "Five Liberal Provinces will make one Liberal Dominion."

The TIMES means by insinuating that the Colonist's article on Mr. PRIOR's letter was written with "sinister design," precisely what it says. The Colonist has, time and again, "damned with faint praise" candidates for political honors whose cause it ostensibly advocated. No newspaper that desired to see Col. PRIOR re-elected would have published a letter withdrawing support from a political leader and approve of its contents, while in the same breath it endorsed the writer's recantation and supported him in a line of action directly contrary to his recent professions of independence. Col. PRIOR, for one brief moment clean, returned to his "wallowing in the mire," and it is because the Colonist emphasizes this fact by its fulsome laudation that the TIMES says it has a sinister design in view. The Colonist, in short, hopes that Col. PRIOR will be defeated.

COL. PRIOR'S LETTER.

TO THE EDITOR:—In the olden time, ante-dating the war of the Southern Rebellion, while bitterly criticizing the Dred Scott decision, uttered by Chief Justice Taney of the United States Supreme Court, Charles Sumner said that "a political mistake was a crime." If the distinguished Massachusetts Senator's epigram was at all true, I wonder how much a criminal the gallant Col. Prior would consider himself in view of the reading of his letter to Sir John to the political meeting on Friday evening last.

As the Colonist contends the letter in itself is one to be commended. But will the Colonist deny that facts being as they are and the treatmept of Victoria being just as it was when Col. Prior commented on it, that the Colonel's candidature is very ridiculous?

The truth is the Colonel deserves to be defeated, on the authority of his own letter, and the Colonist knows it.

AN OLD LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE.

Victoria, 17th Feb., 1891.

ANNIVERSARIES.

Important Events Which Transpired on This Day—A Historical Reminder.

Feb. 17th.

BORN: John Pinkerton, 1758.

DIED: Martin Luther, 1546.
Moliere, 1673.
Michael Angelo, 1564.
John Braham, 1856.
A. S. Barnes, 1888.

Charlotte Corday guillotined, 1793.

First ship passes through the Suez Canal, 1867.

Birchall murdered Benwell, 1890.

Knights of Labor.

The Knights of Labor aim to protect their members against financial difficulties, etc., Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy pain cure for man and beast.

Opened to-day.—The finest rock dry Newfoundland codfish ever brought to British Columbia; also shad, mackerel, Labrador herring, kippered herring, bloaters, smoked salmon, Scotch herring, Dutch herring. Jameson, 32 Fort street.

FIGHTING FOR PRINCIPLE.

Hundreds of Dollars Spent in Litigation Over a Dollar-and-a-Half Pig.

Two or three lawyers were talking of old lawsuits the other day, when one of the oldest members of the Indianapolis bar remarked to a Journal reporter: "I remember the Perry township pig case that took up a good part of one term of court, having come up through a justice's office. The case was tried, I believe, by Governor Wallace, father of our postmaster, and there were at least two firms of lawyers on each side. Sims Colley and Thomas Walpole were in the case, and, so far as Mr. Colley was concerned, he was then in the full power of his renown. The case gave him full opportunity for the display of his picturesque genius, and the drolleries he infused into it long furnished matter of laughter for the bar. Mr. Colley, however, no matter how absurdly droll he might become, never lost sight of the best interests of his client, and certainly never lost sight of his own in the shape of as fat a fee as it was possible to obtain.

"The question was about the identity of a shote," continued the lawyer. "The witnesses on one side swore it was a pig in a barnyard, and had never been out until it had been put into a pen, from which it was taken to be slaughtered. The witnesses on the other side swore that they had known it from the time it was a suckling. But the great point was the proof of an ear-mark. One claimant, sustained by one set of witnesses, said he marked an ear of the shote with his pocket-knife, and the cut was explained at great length to the jury. The other claimant said the mark on the ear of his shote was torn by the teeth of a dog. It was at this stage of the testimony that a sensational feature was introduced. One witness, having brought his testimony to an exciting point, added a climax by pulling from his pocket a pickled pig's ear, which he declared to be the ear of the shote in question. This created a great uproar in the court-room, as the effect of this pictorial testimony upon the jury could not be measured. The witness with the ear was, however, measurably discredited, and the case went on. Medical experts were called in to testify as to what the difference in appearance would be between a shote's ear cut with a knife and one torn by the teeth of a dog. The experts did not agree and the jury disagreed, and another trial was held, the second jury disagreeing as the first had done. Charges of perjury were made on each side, and a number of assault and battery cases grew out of it. The costs of litigation were between four hundred and five hundred dollars on each side."

"What was the shote worth?"

"About one dollar and fifty cents, but the litigants were fighting for principle."

TAKING THE CENSUS.

The Enormous Amount of Work Done in One Day.

By the use of about seventy machines it was found possible to declare the population of the United States in six weeks after the enumeration was completed. The work done, however, was equivalent to the counting of 125,000,000 persons, since it was deemed necessary, in order to insure accuracy, that every schedule should be counted twice. It was of course natural that the rapidity at which the count proceeded should increase as the clerks familiarized themselves with the use of the machines. The record of the most efficient day's work, says a writer in the Chautauqua, shows the registration of 1,242,818 families, or about 6,711,590 persons. To bring this amount of work within the compass of the mind so as adequately to appreciate what it means, requires the graphic language of the gentleman who invented the electric tabulator with which it was done. He says:

"This means that the clerks handled about fifteen tons of population schedules. They actually turned over sheet by sheet this mass of paper, scrutinizing each schedule, often correcting the errors of the enumerators and recording the data on the machines, besides making numerous transfers to result slips and attending to many other details of the work. An engineer might indeed stop to calculate the number of horse-power of physical energy developed by this clerical force. Or if one can not appreciate what this means let me ask him to consider a stack of schedules of thin paper higher than the Washington monument, and imagine the work required in turning over such a pile of schedules page by page and recording the number of persons reported on each schedule. This is what was done in one day by the population division of the Census Office."

An Indian Ark.

The Messiah craze among the Indians of the North, West and Northwest revives interest in any thing that pertains to the queer delusions and beliefs that have been rife among the different tribes for the last century. It is remembered now that in 1883 the Sanpoels, a small tribe in what was then Washington Territory, became greatly agitated over the teachings of an old chief who professed to believe that another flood was near at hand. He said that the Great Spirit had commanded him to collect tribute and build an ark that would outride the waves. His great canoe, 112 x 288 feet, is still to be seen in an unfinished condition near one of the tributaries of the Columbia.

Mammoth Masonry.

The greatest piece of solid masonry of modern times is now in course of construction in the Bombay Presidency. There being danger that the water supply of the city of Bombay would soon become insufficient, it was decided to inclose the water shed of the valley which drains into the sea south of the city, by means of a dam. The gigantic structure, which will be completed in March next, is two miles long, 118 feet in height and 105 feet wide at the base. The roadway on the top is to be 24 feet in width, and the masonwork will cost half a million sterling. The lake of water which the dam will impound will be eight square miles in area.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

THE PROGRESS OF THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

All Along the Line Reports Reach Here of a Great Victory of Reciprocity—Ontario and Quebec Will be Solid for the Liberals—Sir John's Manifesto.

From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 9.—Dissolution of parliament has at last come, the TIMES being the first paper in Canada to make the announcement. As readers of this correspondence are aware I have time and again stated that parliament would be dissolved before another session was held. The principal reason I gave for this was that the Premier desired it and I have yet to learn anything that he has made up his mind to do that he did not get his followers to ultimately adopt. It is a one-man power that has governed Canada continuously for the past twelve years. Those of his followers who rebelled he has left strewn by the wayside, political wrecks and horrible examples to all who dare follow their footsteps and entertain pronounced opinions on public questions, other than those prepared for them by their leader. Take the Hon. Wm. McDougall as an instance of how the Premier deals with those possessed of independent thought. To avoid anything of this kind Sir John Macdonald is very careful in selecting his cabinet to see that the members thereof have no claim to be spoken of as the leading lights of the country either in political or other matters, but mere partisans who are ready to do anything that he may suggest. One therefore could not be wrong in coming definitely to the conclusion that once the Premier wished it time alone would bring about the dissolution.

NOT WELL PREPARED.

As a matter of fact the Conservative party is anything but well prepared for a contest. They were instructed by the Government neither to spend time or money on a revision of the voters' list, when last revised, as another revision was certain before another general election came. On the other hand the Liberals, not knowing when the elections would come off, added all the names possible to increase their supporters. Again Sir Richard Cartwright has been stumping Ontario for for months past, while Hon. Wilfrid Laurier has been following his example in Quebec, and accompanied by Mr. Choquette and Hon. Mr. Davies went all over the maritime provinces. While the Liberals were thus engaged the Conservatives were taking their ease, conscious, as they thought, that all this work would have to be repeated, as far as the Liberals were concerned, before an election came off. Under these circumstances it was natural that the Government supporters should resent the bringing on of the elections at the present time.

THE LIBERALS HOPEFUL.

From all parts of Ontario the news comes that the Liberals are most hopeful of success. The combines will succeed in carrying the leading cities for the Conservatives, but the counties will undoubtedly return supporters of unrestricted reciprocity, which is the only kind of reciprocity that would be fair to all classes in Canada, and certainly the only kind that the United States government will agree to. As far as pitching candidates in the field goes, the Liberals are ahead of the Tories. While the latter are running to and fro to Ottawa to get their little difficulties settled, and trying to get some promise of aid to their constituency the former are busily at work pushing forward the campaign. Strong candidates for reciprocity are being placed in the field, and that a majority in this province will return members to support the same is certain. Hon. Oliver Mowat and his colleagues have entered the fray in a manner they never did before. Several able members of the local legislature will resign their seats and run for the Dominion House.

IN QUEBEC.

No Conservative has the hardihood to suggest that they will not meet with a Waterloo in Quebec. Hon. Mr. Mercier, who the Tories said was to join with Chapleau, has taken off his coat, made his headquarters in Montreal along with Mr. Laurier, and says he is determined to see that every Government supporter is opposed, and a majority of Liberals returned. Other members of his government are located at Quebec and are carrying on a vigorous fight there, utilizing the same machinery as was used in the local campaign. Two of the Dominion ministers, Sir Hector Langevin and Sir Adolphe Caron, are hunting for constituencies and certain of defeat. If Sir Hector runs again in Three Rivers he will be opposed by Mr. Tarte who has strongly arraigned him in La Canadien regarding the McGreevy scandal, and who will be supported by the Liberals. Every day brings strength to the reciprocity party in Quebec Province. While they are thoroughly organized their opponents are at sixes and sevens.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Prince Edward Island, under the management of Hon. Mr. Davies, will be sure to send a solid phalanx, as in the past, to support the Liberals. In Nova Scotia Sir Charles Tupper and Tupper the younger, cannot again seduce the province to support combines and combinisters, under the promise of additional public works and more railway extension. These promises only matured in some instances in the past, and the people are not likely to be gulled again. In Antigonish Sir John Thompson would certainly be defeated but for the violent partizan utterances of Bishop Cameron and Archbishop O'Brien. He had only about 30 majority last time, and will again be opposed by the same man, Mr. McGillivray. Coming to New Brunswick, and the evidences are that an increase will be added to the present Liberal representation. West of Ontario it is unnecessary to go. With but few exceptions Manitoba and the Northwest will support the winners in the fight. It is hopeful, however, to know that all of them are pledged to support reciprocity. As for British Columbia, no one in the least ever refers to it, it being a foregone conclusion that that province has been the worst misrepresented part of the whole Dominion. Representatives from the Pacific slope have time and again declared that they are Tories of the Tories and national policy supporters, yet it would be to the interest of the province to have free trade with the United States. If the people think this is the best way to further their own material welfare no one outside the limits ought to trouble themselves about it.

SIR JOHN'S MANIFESTO.

It is conceded on all parts here that the manifesto issued by the premier will do him more harm than good. Taken in connection with the reasons given by him for dissolving parliament, it is a most inconsistent document, since it accuses everybody who looks to Washington for better trade relations as disloyal and annexationists, yet it was to do this very thing that he dissolved parliament. The accusation of disloyalty against Liberals is extremely silly. All such manifestoes issued in the past by those appealing to their country have generally contained what the writer intended doing for the people. Not one word of this appears in Sir John's address, but vile scurrility of his opponents and miserable twaddle about his own loyalty. The possessors of virtue have no need of proclaiming the same at every street corner.

SLABTOWN.

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Here and Elsewhere.

A PRETTY TALL TALK.

Passing over the bridge to the ferry boat, a jovial, talkative old fellow at my elbow remarked: "Did you notice anything peculiar in the face of the man that just passed us?" Yes, but I can't define it." "Come in the cabin and I will tell you. That man and a younger one, evidently an athlete, were talking canoes. They sat nearly opposite to where we now sit. The young man was telling the other about his cruise in a canoe, which was about like this:—Yes, I sailed 4,800 miles in an 8 lb canoe, making the run in 28 days, 8 hours. I got away in a snow storm that lasted 8 days, then it blew a gale 8 more, and ended with 8 days rain, then a dense fog set in lasting 8 days, then—' 'Hold on!' said the other nervously, 'that makes 32 days already.' 'All right,' was the ready reply, 'you see I was heading longitudinally. Consult the nautical almanac and you will find I am not more than 8 seconds out of the way. Well, one dark night I unexpectedly ran into a rapid, with a fall of 8 feet in 8 yards. I felt the canoe shooting through the air and when she dropped in the water I was 8 miles down stream, and I made the distance in just 8 seconds by a stop watch.

The next morning I discovered the canoe had jumped a rock eight feet high. This was ascertained by carefully manipulating my nautical instruments. But you should have seen the little thing trot when I got out on the ocean. When eighty miles off shore on the 8th encountered heavy seas; and at eight bells sighted a huge steamer wallowing about like an old sow in the "coffee grounds," and eight-masted schooner close-reefed lay to and rooted worse than the old sow in a 'tater patch. Maybe it didn't blow, it cleaned my face of hair as completely as a barber could do it with a razor. The canoe just lit for a second as she jumped from one sea to another, but the little thing carried all her cotton like a daisy. Nothing like a canoe in that kind of weather. When 888 miles from the terminus of the ocean cable, ran into a cyclone, took in the jig and reefed the lot, and my, oh my, how she flew. Ran in a circle for eight days and nights, when I was thrown off at a tangent like a pear from a fly wheel and with such velocity that—but here the story ended. The tension on his listener's nerves was so great that he became unconscious. One eye had sunk deep in the head, from which fire flashed, while the other lay languidly and peacefully on the cheek, the brows stood up like bristles, while the mouth was so contorted that it seemed cut the wrong way. It was horrible, but he came to. But his face never resumed its normal condition, as you noticed. Then in a solemn voice he addressed me (the young man had suddenly disappeared): "Canoeist?" "No." "You can thank heaven, when that youngster tells them kind of lies as often as I have he'll be dead, or wish he was." Just then the bell on the Camden Ferry Slip that seemed to be tolling a funeral dirge told us the boat was in, and with a "good-bye, old," he made for Joe Lippencott's, and a tumblerful of his best Jersey apple.

THE TURF.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—"Mr. Bonner is right," said Senator Leland Stanford last evening. "Sunol has trotted quarters as low down as 29 seconds and before the season closes, will, under favorable circumstances, trot a mile in close to 2:06, and, by the way, my belief is that that time will prove about the lowest limit which any horse will be able to achieve at a trot. Sunol is no longer mine, therefore I shall not be under the suspicion of rating her beyond her merits when I say I almost despair of ever being able to breed another animal capable of such extreme flights of speed. She has everything in her favor, ambition, stamina, nerve, power, and last but not least, brain, which in horse parlance means a level head. When I was in New York a few days since, Mr. Bonner and myself held a consultation as to Sunol's future and agreed on the whole that it would be wise to give Marvin a chance to lower her record and then bring her to Mr. Bonner's private stable. The programme thus decided upon will be carried out and in the early autumn Mr. Bonner will handle the reins over her in person.

THE DERBY OF '92.

The entries for the Derby of '92 close on March 1st, 1891. The directors of the Jockey Club hope that the first Derby of the province will be well supported, and trust that entries will be forthcoming in time. Mr. W. H. Bainbridge, the secretary of the club will receive all entries and supply application forms.

PROGRAMMES.

The programmes for the spring meeting of the Victoria Jockey Club are now ready. They are neat and well printed. The subject matter has already appeared in the TIMES, and is known to the readers of this paper.

AUSTRALIAN HORSES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—The Alameda, which arrived from Australia this afternoon, brought a trial shipment of blooded stock to this market, consisting of six thoroughbred stallions. The shipper is Samuel Gardiner, proprietor of the Buninoora park stud, Victoria. The horses came in charge of E. D. Lopez, of New South Wales. They arrived in good condition. The following is the shipment: Suwarrow, by Snowdon from Phizgig; the Hook, by Fishook from Juliet (the empress of mares on this hemisphere); Chesterfield, by the Marquis from Lamorna, which brought 1500 guineas at C. B. Fisher's sale; Fitz-Tubal, by Tubal Cain from Minnie Warren; Plenty by Suwarrow, from Lurline (dam of Darebin); Loyalist, by The Marquis-Loyal from Peerless (dam of Loyalstone).

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

G. A. Huff of Alberni, is in town.

M. J. Bissell will return home to-night.

S. Lemans came down from Ashcroft last evening.

W. H. Field of Nanaimo, is down on a brief visit.

E. M. Yarwood and J. Mahrer, of Nanaimo, are in the city.

A. A. Clayton returned last evening from a trip to Port Townsend.

Sergt. Langley returned at noon from Wellington. Officer Robb is still up there.

Geo. Kenny has returned north, and will make his way into the interior on snowshoes.

Mr. Peppitt, of Sydney, C.B., owner of the schooner Carmolite and Umbrina, and part owner of the Annie C. Moore, is in the city.

C. F. Jones, assistant manager of the Dun Wiman's agency, has gone over to Westminster with a view to obtaining an authentic record of the losses in the late fire.

Geo. Brought, general manager of the Equitable Life for Algoma, Manitoba, N. W. Territories and British Columbia, is in the city, stopping at the Driard.

M. King, the logging autocrat, returned to Victoria last night from a business trip east to Michigan. He states that in Saginaw there was no snow, although the weather was very cold. In Kansas and Nebraska a deal of snow had fallen. Mr. King is glad to get back to Victoria, and says this place is the place to live in.

Editorial Evidence.

Gentlemen,—Your Hagyard's Yellow Oil is worth its weight in gold for both internal and external use. During the late La Grippe epidemic we found it a most excellent preventive, and for sprained limbs, etc., there is nothing to equal it.

WM. PEMBERTON, Editor Delhi Reporter.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

LAND NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Subdivisions 4, 30 and South Halves of Subdivisions 3 and 29 of Lot 1694 in the City of Victoria.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE OF title of Montague W. Tyrwhitt Drake, of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, to the above hereditaments bearing date the 11th day of March, 1865, has been lost and application has been made to a duplicate of such certificate; notice is, therefore, hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, written one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, Jan. 20, 1 91. ja20.1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided fifth of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii also Subdivision Lot No. 15 on Suburban Lot xiv and xxxvii, and Sections lxi and lxii Esquimalt Dist.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas Atkins on the 16th day of April, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by some person claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 8th Jan., 1891. Jan. 8-3m

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing-down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

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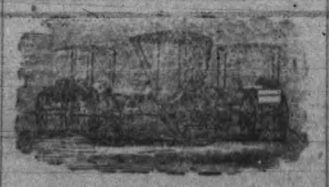

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DR. LEWIS HALL

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Gas, ether and also latest improved electric vibrator used for painless extraction of teeth. Craft & Norris Block, 9 Douglas street. Office Hours:—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

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JUNIOR,

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Chromos, etc.

3 Acres, corner Gorge road and Harriet street 900 feet water frontage on the Gorge $9,500
600 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market
Beautiful 2-story residence, two lots; fine corner 6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner 4,500
Corner lot; Yates street 6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms each 1,900
2 lots; Rithet street; 51x180; each 925
Lot; Menzie street 950
Lot; South Turner 850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each 400
2 lots; corners; Pine, street, Victoria West; each 875
Fine 2-story residence, Quadra street 5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government 15,000
2 nice lots Harrison street, near Yates street 750
1 lot San Juan avenue, James Bay 550
1 lot Croft street, James Bay 900
25 fine lots Victoria West on line of tramway, easy terms.

Money to Loan,

Houses to Rent,

Interest and Rents Collected

CONVEYANCING

Carefully Attended T

French Corsets

A Good Shape 5-hook Corset, in drab, for $1.25
A Strong French Coutille Corset, in drab, spoon, for 1.25
do. do. do. do. same shape as the original P.D. 1.50
A Beautiful Cream Corset, perfect shape 1.50
A splendid shaped Common Sense Corset 1.75
A long Black Sateen good Shaped Corset 2.00
A long Black Sateen well boned Corset 2.50
The improved P. D. extra long in Satin 2.75
The Improved P. D. extra long in drab French coutille 2.75

Canadian Corsets from 50 cents upwards.

A big lot of children's Woolen Stockings from 10c per pair.

Men's Woolen Undershirts from 65c each.

Men's Ribbed Cotton undershirts from 37½c.

Men's Heavy Cardigan Jackets from 25c.

Comforters and Blankets at cost.

A choice line of French Dress Goods 25c per yard.

A good Heavy Grey Blanket for $2.90.

Grey Flannels from 16½c y'd

A splendid White Cotton no dressing 10c. y'd.

A fine White Cotton no dressing 12½c.

A large range of White Embroideries from 8½c y'd.

Wide Canton Flannel, 12 yds. for $1.00.

A lot of remnants of Carpet, very cheap.

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Electric Bells ALL DESIGNS ADDRESS R. B. McMICKING, 10 TROUNCE AVE.

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

GENTLEMEN,—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

There are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man were to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every question that came up, no man, however clever a statesmen he might be, could carry on a government for a week.

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to unrestricted reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the over-production of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans.

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by begging for reciprocity from the United States, as they have done lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis; and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. Unrestricted reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and still continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to protect ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I for one am not, and I trust and believe that comparatively few in Canada are. The land in Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us remain under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and energy and enterprise build up in time a nation just as great, just as powerful, and just as wealthy as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government in Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury, I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence, I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty, and is degrading the public service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese labourer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

I am in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and shall, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government.

If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the tide of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilized for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as nothing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering, I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give them my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interests of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Products, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to our coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence. I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and a Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BUOYS.

I will urge the construction of Light Houses and buoys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidised by the Dominion Government shall call at the Port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best effort in the interests of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
fe10 THOMAS EARLE.

Estate of W. C. Anderson

Assigned for the Benefit of Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE THAT BY INDENTURE dated and executed on the 16th day of January, 1891, by William Cummings Anderson, of 44 Princess Avenue in the City of Victoria, late proprietor of the Clarence Hotel at the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the city aforesaid, the said William Cummings Anderson granted and assigned all his real and personal estate to William Henry Tyrwhitt Drake, of No. 12 Wharf street, in the city aforesaid, coal merchant; Thomas Henry, of Wharf street aforesaid, clerk in the Hudson's Bay Company's store, at Wharf street aforesaid, and John Weller, of Fort street, in the city aforesaid, furniture manufacturer, in trust for the creditors of the said William Cummings Anderson.

William Henry Tyrwhitt Drake, Thomas Hendry and John Weller executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 16th day of January, 1891.

A meeting of creditors will be held on Friday, the 23rd inst., at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the undersigned.

S. PERRY MILLS,
45 Langley St., Victoria,
Solicitor for the Trustees.

Dated, this 16th day of Jan. 1891. ja17-1m

LYCEUM.

Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c. Centrally located, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted, warmed with hot air, very easy to enter and leave, comfortable seats may be provided for about 600 persons, now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to
fe10-1m A. DECOSMOS.

J. H. LAUZON

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has opened a

TAILORING SHOP

Next to Corner Pandora and Douglas streets opposite the City Hall.

First Class Work and Fashionable Styles. A Fine Assortment. Cutting for families a specialty, and a trial solicited.

GIVE HIM A CALL.
fe10-1m

THE LESSONS OF WINTER.

ALL SEASONS HAVE THEIR LESSONS FOR THE CHRISTIAN.

Beautiful Imagery of the Bible, Teaching Lessons from Nature—The Snows of Lebanon and Mount Hermon—The Dogs of St. Bernard.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The remarkable movement initiated by The Christian Herald services in the Academy of Music is growing apace, and negotiations are pending for additional accommodations on a gigantic scale. Dr. Talmage's sermons have set thousands of the people of New York to serious thinking on religious matters. At every service now men and women rise in all parts of the house to intimate their desire that the Christians present would pray for their conversion, and after the regular service is concluded they speedily occupy the orchestra chairs while Dr. Talmage and the large corps of workers who are helping him listen to their difficulties and give them advice. Tearful eyes and convulsive sobs bear testimony to the earnestness of the seekers. The New York Herald estimates that during January alone over a thousand persons declared their resolve to live Christian lives. Dr. Talmage's sermon this evening, which he also preached in the Brooklyn Academy of Music in the morning, was from Job xxxviii, 22, "Hast thou entered into the treasures of the snow?"

Grossly maligned is the season of winter. The spring and summer and autumn have had many admirers, but winter, hoary headed and white bearded winter, hath had more enemies than friends. Yet without winter the human race would be inane and effortless. You might speak of the winter as the mother of tempests. I take it as the father of a whole family of physical, mental and spiritual energies. The most people that I know are strong in proportion to the number of snow banks they had to climb over or push through in childhood, while their fathers drove the sled loaded with logs through the crunching drifts high as the fences.

At this season of the year, when we are so familiar with the snow, those frozen vapors, those falling blossoms of the sky, those white angels of the atmosphere, those poems of the storm, those Iliads and Odysseys of the wintery tempest, I turn over the leaves of my Bible and—though most of it was written in a clime where snow seldom or never fell—I find many of these beautiful congelations. Though the writers may seldom or never have felt the cold touch of the snowflake on their cheek, they had in sight two mountains, the tops of which were suggestive. Other kings sometimes take off their crowns, but Lebanon and Mount Hermon all the year round and through the ages never lift the coronets of crystal from their foreheads.

The first time we find a deep fall of snow in the Bible is where Samuel describes a fight between Benaiah and a lion in a pit, and though the snow may have crimsoned under the wounds of both man and brute, the shaggy monster rolled over dead, and the giant was victor. But the snow is not fully recognized in the Bible until God interrogates Job, the scientist, concerning its wonders, saying, "Hast thou entered into the treasures of the snow?"

JOB, THE LEARNED SCIENTIST.

I rather think that Job may have examined the snowflake with a microscope; for, although it is supposed that the microscope was invented long after Job's time, there had been wonders of glass long before the microscope and telescope of later day were thought of. So long ago as when the Coliseum was in its full splendor, Nero sat in the emperor's box of that great theatre, which held a hundred thousand people, and looked at the combatants through a gem in his finger ring which brought everything close up to his eye.

Four hundred years before Christ, in the stores at Athens, were sold powerful glasses called "burning spheres," and Layard, the explorer, found a magnifying glass amid the ruins of Nineveh and in the palace of Nimrod. Whether through magnifying instrument or with unaided eye I cannot say, but I am sure that Job somehow went through the galleries of the snowflake and counted its pillars and found wonders, raptures, mysteries, theologies, majesties, infinities walking up and down its corridors, as a result of the question which the Lord had asked him, "Hast thou entered into the treasures of the snow?"

Oh, it is a wondrous meteor! Humboldt studied it in the Andes, twelve thousand feet above the level of the sea. De Saussure reveled among these meteors in the Alps, and Dr. Scoresby counted ninety-six varieties of snowflake amid the arctics. They are in shape of stars, in shape of coronets, in shape of cylinders; are globular, are hexagonal, are pyramidal, are castellated. After a fresh fall of snow, in one walk you crush under your feet Tuileries, Windsor castles, St. Pauls, St. Peters, St. Marks, cathedrals, Alhambras and Sydenham palaces innumerable. I know it depends much on our own condition what impression these flying meteors of the snow make.

I shall not forget two rough and unpretending wood cuts which I saw in my boyhood side by side; one a picture of a prosperous farmhouse, with all signs of comfort, and a lad warmly clothed looking out of the door upon the first flurry of snow, and his mind no doubt filled with the sound of jingling sleigh bells and the frolic with playfellows in the deep banks, and he, clapping his hands and shouting, "It snows! it snows!" The other sketch was of a boy, haggard and hollow eyed with hunger, looking from the broken door of a wretched home, and seeing in the falling flakes prophecy of more cold and less bread and greater privation, wringing his hands and with tears rolling down his wan cheeks, crying, "Oh, my God! it snows! it snows!" Out of the abundance that characterizes most of our homes may there go speedy relief to all whom this winter finds in want and exposure.

GOD IN THE SNOWFLAKE.

And now I propose, for your spiritual and everlasting profit, if you will accept my guidance, to take you through some of these wonders of crystallization. And notice first God in the littles. You may take alpenstock and cross the Mer de Glace, the sea of ice, and ascend Mont Blanc, which rises into the clouds like a pillar of the great white Throne; or with arctic explorer ascend the mountains around the north pole, and see glaciers a thousand feet high grinding against glaciers three thousand feet high. But I will take you on a less pretentious journey and show you God in the snowflake. There is room enough between its pillars for the great Jehovah to stand. In that one frozen drop on the tip of your finger you may find the throne room of the Almighty. I take up the snow in my hand and see the courses of celestial dominion, pawing these crystal pavements.

The telescope is grand, but I must confess that I am quite as much interested in the microscope. The one reveals the universe above us; the other just as great a universe beneath us. But the telescope overwhelms me, while the microscope comforts me. What you want and I want especially is a God in littles. If we were seraphic or archangelic in our natures we would want to study God in the great; but such small creak, short lived beings as you and I are want to find God in the littles.

When I see the Maker of the universe giving himself to the architecture of a snowflake, and making its shafts, its domes, its curves, its walls, its irradiations so perfect I conclude he will look after our insignificant affairs. And if we are of more value than a sparrow, most certainly we are of more value than an inanimate snowflake. So the Bible would chiefly impress us with God in the littles. It does not say, "Consider the clouds," but it says, "Consider the lilies." It does not say, "Behold the tempests!" but "Behold the fowls!" and it applauds a cup of cold water and the widow's two mites, and says the hairs of your head are all numbered. Do not fear, therefore, that you are going to be lost in the crowd. Do not think that because you estimate yourself as only one snowflake among a three days' January snow storm that you will be forgotten. The birth and death of a drop of chilled vapor is as certainly regarded by the Lord as the creation and demolition of a planet. Nothing is big to God and nothing is small.

What makes the honey industries of South Carolina such a source of livelihood and wealth? It is because God teaches the ladybug to make an opening in the rind of the apricot for the bee, who cannot otherwise get at the juices of the fruit. So God sends the ladybug ahead to prepare the way for the honey bee. He teaches the ant to bite each grain of corn that she puts in the ground for winter food in order that it may not take root and so ruin the little granary. He teaches the raven in dry weather to throw pebbles into a hollow tree, that the water far down and out of reach may come up within the reach of the bird's beak. What a comfort that he is a God in littles! The emperor of all the Russias in olden time was looking at a map that spread before him his vast dominions, and he could not find Great Britain on the map, and he called in his secretary and said, "Where is Great Britain, that I hear so much about?" "It is under your thumb," said the secretary; and the emperor raised his hand from the map and saw the country he was looking for.

THE INFINITE REALM OF GOD.

And it is high time that we find this mighty realm of God close by and under our own little finger. To drop you out of his memory would be to resign his omniscience. To refuse you his protection would be to abdicate his omnipotence. When you tell me that he is the God of Jupiter, and the God of Mercury, and the God of Saturn, you tell me something so vast that I cannot comprehend it. But if you tell me he is the God of the snowflake, you tell me something I can hold and measure and realize. Thus the smallest snowflake contains a jewel case of comfort. Here is an opal, an amethyst, a diamond. Here is one of the treasures of the snow. Take it for your present and everlasting comfort.

Behold, also, in the snow the treasure of accumulated power. During a snow storm let an apothecary, accustomed to weigh most delicate quantities, hold his weighing scales out of the window and let one flake fall on the surface of the scales, and it will not even make it tremble. When you want to express extreme triviality of weight you say, "Light as a feather," but a snowflake is much lighter. It is just twenty-four times lighter than water. And yet the accumulation of these flakes broke down, a few days ago, in sight of my house, six telegraph poles, made helpless police and fire departments and halted rail trains with two thundering locomotives.

We have already learned so much of the power of electricity that we have become careful how we touch the electric wire, and in many a case a touch has been death. But a few days ago the snow put its hand on most of these wires, and tore them down as though they were cobwebs. The snow said: "You seem afraid of the thunderbolt; I will catch it and hurl it to the ground. Your boasted electric lights adorning your cities with bubbles of fire, I will put out as easily as your ancestors snuffed out a tallow candle." The snow put its finger on the lip of our cities that were talking with each other and they went into silence, uttering not a word. The snow mightier than the lightning.

In March, 1888, the snow stopped America. It said to Brooklyn, "Stay home!" to New York, "Stay home!" to Philadelphia, "Stay home!" to Washington, "Stay home!" to Richmond, "Stay home!" It put into a white sepulcher most of this nation. Commerce, whose wheels never stopped before, stopped then. What was the matter? Power of accumulated snowflakes. On the top of the Apennines one flake falls, and others fall, and they pile up, and they make a mountain of fleece on the top of a mountain of rock, until one day a gust of wind, or even the voice of a mountaineer, sets the frozen vapors into action, and by awful descent they sweep everything in their course—trees, rocks, villages—as when in 1827 the town of Briel, in Valais, was buried, and in 1634, in Switzerland, three hundred soldiers were entombed. These avalanches were made up of single snowflakes.

What tragedies of the snow have been witnessed by the monks of St. Bernard, who for ages have with the dogs been busy in extricating bewildered and overwhelmed travelers in Alpine storms, the dogs with blankets fastened to their backs and flasks of spirits fastened to their necks to resuscitate helpless travelers, one of these dogs decorated with a medal for having saved the lives of twenty-two persons, the brave beast himself slain of the snow on that day when accompanying a Piedmontese courier on the way to his anxious household down the mountain, the wife and children of the Piedmontese courier coming up the mountain in search of him, an avalanche covered all under pyramids higher than those under which the Egyptian monarchs sleep their sleep of the ages!

What an illustration of the tragedies of the snow is found in that scene between Glencoe and Glenceraan one February in Scotland, where Ronald Cameron comes forth to bring to his father's house his cousin Flora MacDonald for the celebration of a birthday, and the calm day turns into a hurricane of white fury that leaves Ronald and Flora as dead, to be resuscitated by the shepherds! What an exciting struggle had Bayard Taylor among the wintry Apennines!

RUSSIAN SNOWS AVENGED JOSEPHINE.

In the winter of 1812, by a similar force, the destiny of Europe was decided. The French army marched up toward Moscow five hundred thousand men. What can resist them? Not bayonets, but the dumb elements overwhelm that host. Napoleon retreats from Moscow with about two hundred thousand men, a mighty nucleus for another campaign after he gets back to Paris. The morning of Oct. 19, when they start for home, is bright and beautiful. The air is tonic, and although this Russian campaign has been a failure Napoleon will try again in some other direction with his host of brave surviving Frenchmen.

But a cloud comes on the sky and the air gets chill, and one of the soldiers feels on his cheek a snowflake, and then there is a multiplication of these wintry messages, and soon the plumes of the officers are decked with another style of plume, and then all the skies let loose upon the warriors a hurricane of snow, and the march becomes difficult, and the horses find it hard to pull the supply train, and the men begin to fall under the fatigue, and many not able to take another step lie down in the drifts never to rise, and the cavalry horses stumble and fall, and one thousand of the army fall, and ten thousand perish, and twenty thousand go down, and fifty thousand, and a hundred thousand, and a hundred and twenty thousand and a hundred and thirty-two thousand die, and the victor of Jena and bridge of Lodi and Eylau and Austerlitz, where three great armies, commanded by three emperors, surrendered to him, now himself surrenders to the snowflakes.

Historians do not seem to recognize that the tide in that man's life turned from Dec. 16, 1809, when he banished by hideous divorce his wife Josephine from the palace, and so challenged the Almighty, and the Lord charged upon him from the fortresses of the sky with ammunition of crystal. Snowed under! Billions, trillions, quadrillions, quintrillions of flakes did the work. And what a suggestion of accumulative power, and what a rebuke to all of us who get discouraged because we cannot do much, and therefore do nothing!

DO YOUR SHARE FOR GOD.

"Oh," says some one, "I would like to stop the forces of sin and crime that are marching for the conquests of the nations, but I am nobody; I have neither wealth nor eloquence nor social power. What can I do?" My brother, how much do you weigh? As much as a snowflake? "Oh, yes." Then do your share. It is an aggregation of small influences that will yet put this lost world back into the bosom of a pardoning God. Alas that there are so many men and women who will not use the one talent because they have not ten, and will not give a penny because they cannot give a dollar, and will not speak as well as they can because they are not eloquent, and will not be a snowflake because they cannot be an avalanche! In earthly wars the generals get about all the credit, but in the war for God and righteousness and heaven all the private soldiers will get crowns of victory unfailing.

When we reach heaven—by the grace of God may we all arrive there—I do not think we will be able to begin the new song right away because of the surprise we shall feel at the comparative rewards given. As we are being conducted along the street to our celestial residence we will begin to ask where live some of those who were mighty on earth. We will ask, "Is So-and-so here?" And the answer will be: "Yes, I think he is in the city, but we don't hear much of him; he was good and he got in, but he took most of his pay in earthly applause; he had enough grace to get through the gate, but just where he lives I know not. He squeezed through somehow, although I think the gates took the skirts of his garments. I think he lives in one of those back streets in one of the plainer residences."

Then we shall see a palace, the doorsteps of gold, and the windows of agate, and the tower like the sun for brilliance, and chariots before the door, and people who look like princes and princesses going up and down the steps, and we shall say, "What one of the hierarchs lives here?" That must be the residence of a Paul or a Milton, or some one whose name resounded through all the planet from which we have just ascended." "No, no," says our celestial dragoman; "that is the residence of a soul whom you never heard of.

"When she gave a charity her left hand knew not what her right hand did. She was mighty in secret prayer, and no one but God and her own soul knew it. She had more trouble than anybody in all the land where she lived, and without complaining she bore it, and though her talents were never great, what she had was all consecrated to God and helping others, and the Lord is making up for her earthly privation by especial raptures here, and the king of this country had that place built especially for her. The walls began to go up when her troubles and privations and consecrations began on earth, and it so happened—what a heavenly coincidence!—that the last stroke of the trowel of amethyst on those walls was given the hour she entered heaven.

"You know nothing of her. On earth her name was only once in the newspapers, and that among the column of the dead, but she is mighty up here. There she comes now out of her palace grounds in her chariot behind those two white horses for a ride on the banks of the river that flows from under the throne of God. Let me see. Did you not have in your world below an old classic which says something about "these are they who come out of great tribulation, and they shall reign for ever and ever?"

PEARLS ON THE FOREHEADS OF THE RIGHTEOUS.

As we pass up the street I find a good many on foot, and I say to the dragoman, "Who are these?" And when their name is announced I recognize that some of them were on earth great poets, and great orators, and great merchants, and great warriors, and when I express my surprise about their going afoot the dragoman says, "In this country people are rewarded not according to the number of their earthly talents, but according to the use they made of what they had." And then I thought to myself: "Why, that theory would make a snowflake that falls cheerfully and in the right place, and does all the work assigned it, as honorable as a whole Mont Blanc of snowflakes."

"Yes, yes," says the celestial dragoman, "many of these pearls that you find on the foreheads of the righteous, and many of the gems in the jewel case of prince and princess, are only the petrified snowflakes of earthly tempest, for God does not forget the promise made in regard to them, 'They shall be mine, said the Lord of hosts, in the day when I make up my jewels.'" Accumulated power! All the prayers and charities and kindnesses and talents of all the good concentered and compacted will be the world's evangelization. This thought of the aggregation of the many smalls into that one mighty is another treasure of the snow.

Another treasure of the snow is the suggestion of the usefulness of sorrow. Absence of snow last winter made all nations sick. That snowless winter has not yet ended its disasters. Within a few weeks it put tens of thousands into the grave, and left others in homes and hospitals gradually to go down. Called by a trivial name, the Russian "grip," it was an international plague. Plenty of snow means public health. There is no medicine that so soon cures the world's malarias as these white pellets that the clouds administer—pellets small enough to be homeopathic, but in such large doses as to be allopathic, and melting soon enough to be hydropathic. Like a sponge, every flake absorbs unhealthy gases. The tables of mortality in New York and Brooklyn immediately lessened when the snows of last December began to fall. The snow is one of the grandest aids best of the world's doctors.

THE BLESSINGS OF WINTER.

Yes, it is necessary for the land's productiveness. Great snows in winter are generally followed by great harvests next summer. Scientific analysis has shown that snow contains a larger percentage of ammonia than the rain, and hence its greater power of enrichment. And besides that, it is a white blanket to keep the earth warm. An examination of snow in Siberia showed that it was a hundred degrees warmer under the snow than above the snow. Alpine plants perished in the mild winter of England for lack of enough snow to keep them warm. Snow strikes back the rich gases which otherwise would escape in the air and be lost. Thank God for the snows, and may those of February be as plentiful as those of December and January have been, high and deep and wide and enriching; then the harvests next July will embroider with gold this entire American continent. But who with any analogical faculty can notice that out of such chill as the snow comes the wheat, without realizing that chilling sorrows produce harvests of grace!

The strongest Christians without any exception are those who were by bereavements or sickness or poverty or persecution, or all of them together, snowed under, and again and again snowed under. These snow storms of trouble! They kill the malarias of the soul. They drive us out of worldly dependence to God. Call the roll of all the eminently pious of all the ages and you will find them the sons and daughters of sorrow. The Maronites say that one characteristic of the cedar tree is that when the air is full of snow and it begins to descend the tree lifts its branches in a way better to receive the snow and bear up under it, and I know by much observation that the grandest cedars of Christian character lift higher their branches toward God when the snows of trouble are coming.

Lord Nelson's coffin was made out of the masts of the ship L'Orient in which he had fought so bravely, and your throne in heaven, O suffering child of God, will be built out of conquered earthly disasters. What gave John Bunyan such a wondrous dream of the celestial city? The Bedford penitentiary. What gave Richard Baxter such power to tell of the "Saints' Everlasting Rest," and to give his immortal "Call to the Unconverted?" Physical disease which racked every nerve of his body. What made George Whitefield so mighty in saving souls, bringing ten thousand to God when others brought a hundred? Persecution that caricatured and assailed him all up and down England, and dead vermin thrown in his face when he was preaching.

What mellowed and glorified Wilberforce's Christian character? A financial misfortune that led him to write, "I know not why my life is spared so long, except it be to show that a man can be as happy without a fortune as with one." What gave John Milton such keen spiritual eyesight that he could see the battle of the angels? Extinguishment of physical eyesight. What is the highest observatory for studying the stars of hope and faith and spiritual promise? The believer's sick bed. What proclaims the richest and most golden harvests that wave on all the hills of heavenly rapture? The snows, the deep snows, the awful snows of earthly calamity. And that comforting thought is one of the treasures of the snow.

THE IMAGE OF PURITY.

Another treasure of the snow is the suggestion that this mantle covering the earth is like the soul after it is forgiven. "Wash me," said the Psalmist, "and I shall be whiter than snow." My dear friend Gasherie De Witt went over to Geneva, Switzerland, for the recovery of his health, but the Lord had something better for him than earthly recovery. Little did I think when I bade him good-by one lovely afternoon on the other side of the sea to return to America, that we would not meet again till we meet in heaven. As he lay one Sabbath morning on his dying pillow in Switzerland, the window open, he was looking out upon Mont Blanc. The air was clear. That great mountain stood in its robe of snow, glittering in the morning light, and my friend said to his wife: "Jennie, do you know what that snow on Mont Blanc makes me think of? It makes me think that the righteousness of Christ and the pardon of God cover all the sins and imperfections of my life, as that snow covers up that mountain, for the promise is that though our sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow." Was not that glorious!

I do not care who you are, or where you are, you need as much as I do that cleansing which made Gasherie De Witt good while he lived and glorious when he died. Do not take it as the tenet of an obsolete theology that our nature is corrupt. We must be changed. We must be made over again. The ancients thought that snow water had especial power to wash out deep stains. All other water might fall, but melted snow would make them clean. Well, Job had great admiration for snow, but he declares in substance that if he should wash his soul in melted snow he would still be covered with mud like a man down in a ditch (Job ix. 30). "If I wash myself in snow water, and make my hands never so clean, yet shalt thou plunge me in the ditch and mine own clothes shall abhor me." We must be washed in the fountain of God's mercy before we can be whiter than snow. "Without holiness, no man shall see the Lord." Oh, for the cleansing power!

If there be in all this audience one man or woman whose thoughts have always been right, and whose actions are always right, let such a one pass, or if already standing, lift the right hand. Not one! All we, like sheep, have gone astray. Unclean! unclean! And yet we may be made whiter than snow—whiter than that which, on a cold winter's morning, after a night of storm, clothes the tree from bottom of trunk to top of highest branch whiter than that which this hour makes the Adirondacks, and the Sierra Nevada and Mount Washington heights of pomp and splendor fit to enthrone an archangel.

In the time of Graham, the essayist, in one mountain district of Scotland an average of ten shepherds perished every winter in the snow drifts, and so he proposed that at the distance of every mile a pole fifteen feet high and with two cross pieces be erected, showing the points of the compass, and a bell hung at the top, so that every breeze would ring it, and so the lost one on the mountains would hear the sound and take the direction given by this pole with the cross pieces and get safely home. Whether that proposed plan was adopted or not I do not know, but I declare to all you who are in the heavy and blinding drifts of sin and sorrow that there is a cross near by that can direct you to home and peace and God; and hear you not the ringing of the gospel bell hanging to that cross, saying, "This is the way; walk ye in it?" No wonder that the sacred poet put the Psalmist's thought into rhythm with that ringing chorus we have so often sung:

Dear Jesus, I long to be perfectly whole;
I want thee forever to live in my soul.
Break down every idol, cast down every fold
Now wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow!
Whiter than snow! yes, whiter than snow!
Now wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow!

Get that prayer answered, and we will be fit not only for earth, but for the heaven where everything is so white because everything is so pure. You know that the redeemed in that land wear robes that are white, and the conquerors in that land ride horses that are white, and John in vision says of Christ, "his head and his hairs were white," and the throne on which he sits is a great white throne. By the pardoning and sanctifying grace of God may we all at last stand amid that radiance!

Ten thousand times ten thousand,
In glittering armor bright,
The armies of the living God,
Throng up the steeps of light.
'Tis finished, all is finished,
Their fight with death and sin;
Throw open wide the golden gates
And let the conquerors in.

Life is Misery

To thousands of people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial. Be sure to get Hood's.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct17

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 13,

Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 8 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 11.30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 11 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 11.30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamship of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Rainbow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m. for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave on Standard Time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Columbia & Kootenay Steam Navigation Co. Ld.

THE STEAMER

LYTTON,

WILL LEAVE REVELSTOKE EVERY

Monday and Thursday at 4 a.m.

FOR

SPROAT & LITTLE DALLES

Connecting at the latter point with the Spokane and Northern Ry. Co. Returning will leave LITTLE DALLES every

Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m.

J. A. MARA, Manager.

Revelstoke Sept. 1, 1890.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - - Feb. 18th

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. ZEALANDIA, Tuesday, Mar. 10th.
S.S. AUSTRALIA 3,000 tons Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1891, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steamer ALAMEDA .....THURSDAY, Mar. 5, 1891, 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

nov26

For Xmas and New Year's PRESENTS.

Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.

Fancy Flower Pots.

Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.

Also Holly for decorating.

G. A. M'TAVISH,

Nurseryman,

Seedsman - and - Florist,

PARK ROAD.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

COING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.		STATIONS.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Victoria.	COING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Mon.
Ar.	Lv.		Ar.		Ar.	Lv.	Ar.
1125 P M	1130 A M	VICTORIA	5.00 P M	0	9.00 A M	2.30 P M	Dr.
1145	1100	BURNSIDE	4.41	1	8.41	2.11	2.53
1159	1050	GORGE	4.29	2	8.29	1.59	2.34
1203	1046	SUTHERLAND	4.25	3	8.25	1.55	2.30
1206	1041	TOLMIE	4.22	4½	8.22	1.52	2.27
1211	1037	MOSS STREET	4.18	5½	8.18	1.48	2.23
1214	1034	FAIRFIELD	4.15	6½	8.15	1.45	2.20
1217	1031	CLOVERDALE	4.12	7½	8.12	1.42	2.17
1223	1025	HILLSIDE	4.06	8½	8.06	1.36	2.11
1230	1018	QUADRA STREET	3.59	9½	8.00	1.30	2.04
1237	1011	BURNSIDE ROAD	3.52	10½	7.53	1.23	1.57
1242	1006	TAKE ROAD	3.47	11½	7.48	1.18	1.52
1250	1000	HILLSIDE AVE.	3.40	12½	7.41	1.12	1.45
1255	955	TOLMIE AVE.	3.35	13½	7.36	1.07	1.40
1300	950	SAANICH	3.30	14½	7.31	1.02	1.35
1305	945	KOKSILAH	3.25	15½	7.26	1.00	1.30
1310	940	DUNCANS	3.20	16½	7.21	1.00	1.25
1320	930	SAHTLAM	3.10	18½	7.11	1.00	1.15
1330	920	SOMENOS	3.00	20½	7.01	1.00	1.05
1340	910	CHEMAINUS	2.50	23½	6.51	1.00	12.55
2.10 P M	12.40 P M	NANAIMO	1.20 P M	47½	5.20 P M	12.00 M	10.25 A M

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAY

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Sup't.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passeng. Agent.
oct1

TAKE THE BEST

TOURISTS FAVORITE LINE

Canadian Pacific Ry

Through fast trains leave Vancouver daily for all points east and south; $5 to $10 lower than other lines.

Excursion tickets available for six months

AT REDUCED RATES

To New York, Boston, Montreal, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and other points with choice of routes.

MERCHANTS

Will find it to their advantage to have all freight routed via this line.

For Maps, Rates, Sleeping Car Accommodation apply in person or by letter to

A. CAMERON, Agt. and Pass. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B. C.
D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver
mh10

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

THE

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines adjoining, direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased of any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 138 First St., cor Washington, Portland, Or.
G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.
1890

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company.

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

PORT CRESCENT PICKINGS.

Various Items of Interest from This Pushing City by the Sea.

The sea wall now building is by far the most difficult of construction, as the one on the east side presents nothing like the obstacles that have been met and overcome in the building of the one on the west side of the bay. As has been said, 210 feet of this breakwater is now completed; 1100 feet more will take it out to a junction with the reef, and then will come the upbuilding of the reef for the necessary distance northward. The wall will then angle and be extended eastward 1200 feet, towards the reef on the east side of the bay. This latter reef will be built up from the shore and out into the straits, toward the reef on the west side for a distance of 900 feet. The distance between the points of the two sea walls, nearest each other, will be 1800 feet, thus forming a great, deep-water gateway into the most beautiful and the most perfect harbor on the coast.

Mr. A. W. McDougall, who has just secured a new contract on the right-of-way clearing on the Victoria, Port Crescent & Chehalis railway, fell while climbing over a log, Saturday, and broke two fingers on his right hand. The hurt is a most painful and aggravating one.

Mr. Wm. Hanson and Miss Mary Johnson, of this city, were united in marriage on Thursday.

Mr. John Fielding, a man probably 55 years of age, and the owner of one of the best ranches in the Lyre river neighborhood, was found dead on the Lake trail, Thursday morning, out near Garfield avenue. He was discovered by Mr. F. H. Liece, of Lyre river, who was on his way to Port Crescent, lying between two logs, cold in death. It is believed that Fielding was on his way home in an intoxicated condition, when he fell, and being unable to rise, died from the combined effects of liquor and exposure. An inquest is now in progress before Coroner Miller.

The firm of Sawyer & Delight have just completed their contract of clearing two miles of the right of way of the Victoria, Port Crescent & Chehalis railway.

A grand ball will be given on the 21st, in commemmoration of George Washington's birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Lutz delightfully entertained a large company of friends, Saturday evening, in honor of Port Crescent's first anniversary—for it was just one year ago, Saturday, that this ambitious and prosperous place was founded.

The Indians say that fur seals have not been so plenty for many years as this season, and they are in Fuca straits in myriads. An Indian killed fifteen in Clallam bay in one day, all pups or yearlings. Off Pysht are large ones, and twenty-three were killed by one of the schooners last week. These Indians say that the very mild winter we have had brings in these seals in countless numbers.—Port Crescent Leader.

For the Potlatch.

The Becher bay Indians are preparing for their grand potlatch which is to be held next week. On Saturday a party of them took several canoe loads of blankets and crackers, and they will be up for more this week.

Origin of Swearing.

The brother of the fairy Pari Banou was only thirty inches high. His beard was thirty-two feet long and extended horizontally in front of him when he walked. He invented swearing to express his feelings when poor biscuit were set on his table. His wife could always make biscuit to please him by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.

Canadian Oddfellows.

A meeting was held at Victoria West last evening with a view to sounding the prospects for forming a lodge of the Canadian order of Oddfellows. A number of gentlemen signified their willingness to become charter members, and the requisite number of signatures having been obtained, it was decided to apply to headquarters at Toronto for the charter. The next meeting will be held on Monday night.

The Prophecy Fulfilled.

Some months ago a gentleman traveling for a fire department supply house was in this province placing orders for his firm. He sold material to every city but New Westminster, there his most persuasive eloquence could not effect a sale. A day or two after he wrote to a gentleman of this city, and predicted a big fire within six months, as the protection against fire was very inefficient. The conflagration has occurred. The prophecy has been fulfilled.

Clear of Ice.

Last week Captain Davies of the Midge made a round trip between Nelson and his ranch on Kootenay river, six miles north of the boundary line. He reports having no difficulty in making the trip, as nothing but skim ice was encountered in the river. There was no snow at Rykert's custom house, and little reported in the valley through to Bonner's Ferry. Grohman's colonization surveyors, in charge of Thomas McVittie, were at work near the head of the lake, surveying the land that Mr. Grohman's company expects to acquire title to after it is reclaimed from overflow. So says the Miner.

A Missionary's Story.

The Rev. John Serkis (Ben Israel), representing himself as a missionary from East India, lectured in the Presbyterian church, Kamloops, on Wednesday evening last. The lecturer, of decidedly Jewish caste, was dressed in East Indian clerical costume. This subject was set forth in a small handbill circulated in town on the previous day—"Wild people live in the tree;" Hindoo, Brahman, Fire Worship, Devil Worship, Mohammedism, Black Jews, Tribe of Judah; History of the lost tribes of Israel. In his broken English the lecturer told a variety of stories that sounded like improbabilities, but of the Orphans' Home in India, on whose behalf a collection was taken up, the speaker had nothing to say. The Sentinel says:—It would be well that he should confide in someone the whereabout of this home, and the number of orphans housed in it. The collection amounted to $10.20.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening and whitening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it.

D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Prospectors Start Out.

A party left Nelson last week for the head of Grohman creek, to prospect the large ledges that are there exposed. The Miner says the formation is granite, the ledge matter quartz carrying galena. The district is on the north side of the Kootenay, and not more than four miles distant from Nelson.

Advertisers Take Notice.

"Darling," said he, with wondrous tenderness, while the emotions of doubt and love choked his utterance, "could you be willing to leave your splendid and luxurious surroundings, where a more than oriental magnificence is yours, to share my lot with me?"

"Yes, dearest," she replied, as she returned his fervent embrace, "provided always that your lot is one of those sold by Bourchier, Croft & Mallette."

Chances for Speculation.

Acre property on Ross Bay and Cowan avenue, and St. Charles street, at last year's prices.

Lots on Esquimalt Road, perfectly clear, on easy terms.

A good inside business lot, the only one for sale on the street. A rare chance for speculation.

Rents and interest collected and returns promptly made.

D. W. Morrow & Co.,
60 Government street.

Canadian Home Circle.

A meeting will be held to-morrow evening in the St. George's society room, corner of Government and Bastion streets, at half past seven, for the purpose of organizing a lodge of the above order. A large number have already signified their intention of joining, including some ladies. The order has a membership of upwards of 6000, and the member is insured for $3000 at a cost of about $17 annually. Mr. A. Q. St. George, the official organizer will give an explanation of the benefits of the order, and all are cordially invited to attend.

Losing His Senses.

Chin Ah You, who acted as court interpreter some years ago, has gone insane. About five years ago he was married, but two days after the ceremony his wife was stolen from him. This, however, only preyed on his mind for a few weeks, and soon he was as jolly as ever. During the Chinese New Year, however, he became more talkative than usual, and in his conversation mentioned his wife, something he had not done for some time, even to his most intimate friends. He is getting worse every day now, and is being taken care of by his friends. Sergt Walker, who has known him for many years, is seeing that he is accorded proper treatment.

The Assessment Act.

The following is the full text of Hon Mr. Beaven's amendment to the motion to adopt the report of the committee on the assessment act: "That the report from the committee of the whole on the message of his honor the lieutenant governor enclosing a bill (No. 16) intitled 'an act to amend the assessment act,' be not adopted, as this house is of opinion that the act referred to is of itself insufficient in several respects amongst other things, it does not authorize the assessor to make a distinction for the purposes of assessment, between the land itself and the improvements made by the actual settler or owner (other than improvements made by a railway corporation upon its right of way in the construction of its road bed), so as to reduce the taxation or improvements, or exempt improvements from taxation under the 'Assessment Act.'"

"The Jersey Lily."

Is what Millais christened his famous portrait of that celebrated woman who since became familiarly known to the public by that expressive and appropriate name. In turn she has coupled her fame with that of the most celebrated toilette article in existence, as witness what she says:—

Anglesea Cottage, L.B., July 2

Gentlemen,—Altho' it is very unusual for me to use any lotions or washes, still, in answer to your request, I have tried Wisdom's Violet Cream and Robertine. The former I consider especially efficacious in cases of roughness of the skin, and I have been using it every day for the last fortnight. I have found the Robertine an excellent preparation in cases of tan, sunburn, etc., caused by exposure to March winds and a July sky.

Yours faithfully,
Lillie Langtry.

To Messrs. Wisdom & Co.
D. E. Campbell, Agent.

A Good Old Custom Abused.

The sending of valentines is an old fashioned custom with which all are familiar, though all may not practise it. "What will be my valentine?" is a question often asked. But from being an innocent means of lovers telling their passion without revealing their identity, this custom has degenerated largely into a channel for communicating, anonymously, enviousness and often scurrilousness. To say the least it is a pity that such an occasion should be made the opportunity of narrow-minded, cowardly persons dealing a blow in the back, or like the snake biting in the grass. There was a time when the feast of St. Valentine was looked upon with a certain amount of sacredness, that, however, seems to have flown, and this year even ladies complain of having received some of those awful caricatures that are as senseless as, but no less insulting in their import than the senders themselves. Still if those people would confine themselves to vulgarity, the complaint would not be so bad, but lewdness and personal insult are resorted to towards ladies. The senders of these missives will do well to forever carefully conceal their part in such work, for their discovery will surely lead to criminal prosecution for libel.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Dyspepsia

Intense Suffering for 8 years—Restored to Perfect Health.

Few people have suffered more severely from dyspepsia than Mr. E. A. McMahon, a well known grocer of Staunton, Va. He says: "Before 1878 I was in excellent health, weighing over 200 pounds. In that year an ailment developed into acute dyspepsia, and soon I was reduced to 162 pounds, suffering burning sensations in the stomach, palpitation of the heart, nausea, and indigestion. I could not sleep, lost all heart in my work, had fits of melancholia, and for days at a time I would have welcomed death. I became morose, sullen and irritable, and for eight years life was a burden. I tried many physicians and many remedies. One day a workman employed by me suggested that I take Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it had cured his wife of dyspepsia. I did so, and before taking the whole of a bottle I began to feel like a new man. The terrible pains to which I had been subjected, ceased, the palpitation of the heart subsided, my stomach became easier, nausea disappeared, and my entire system began to tone up. With returning strength came activity of mind and body. Before the fifth bottle was taken I had regained my former weight and natural condition. I am today well and I ascribe it to taking Hood's Sarsaparilla."

Intense Suffering 8 Years

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

MRS. W. W. CLARKE'S

Grand Charity Concert

A high class Charity Concert in aid of the Widows and Orphans of the victims of the recent disaster at the outerwharf will be held on

Tuesday, February 17th

— IN THE —

VICTORIA THEATRE

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Nelson, Sir M. B. Begbie, Chief Justice, Hon. John Robson, and His Worship Mayor Grant and the City Council.

Among those who have kindly consented to take part are:

VOCALISTS:

Mrs. Dennis Harris, Miss Heathfield, Miss Twiss, Miss Shaw, Miss Mouatt, Miss Wolf and Mrs. W. W. Clarke.

Col. E. G. Prior, Mr. Kent, Mr. Jay, Mr Rhodes, Mr. Kingham, Mr. Wootton, Mr. Martin, Mr. J. G. Brown.

ELOCUTIONISTS:

Miss Beeton and Mrs. W. W. Clarke.

VIOLINIST

Professor Strauss.

GUITAR AND BANJOS.

Miss McMicking, Miss Christie, Miss B. Christie, Mr. McInnis and Mr. Martin.

PIANISTS.

Miss Campbell and Miss Heathfield,
Professor Hermann's Band.

Some fine choruses are being arranged by Mr. Kent.

All information at office of R. B. McMicking. Plans for reserved seats will be open Friday morning, 13th inst., at C. A. Lombard & Co.'s

AGRICULTURAL BALL

A GRAND BALL will be held in the AGRICULTURAL HALL, SOUTH SAANICH FEBRUARY 19,

by the North and South Saanich Agricultural Society. Tickets for gentlemen and ladies, $2. Refreshments will be provided by the ladies of the committee. fe2-td dw

S. S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

Optician, 27 Fort Street, one door from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical Goods of every description. dec29-1y

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Goods just received per S.S. "Abyssinia."
Snakes, Crocodiles, Bows and Arrows,
Pic-nic, Flower and Bread Baskets,
Satin lined Work Baskets,
Table Mats, Lacquered Trays,
Leather Cushions,
Pictures on Glass, Tea Sets,
Cups and Saucers, Tea Pots,
Carved Black wood Brackets and Cabinets,
Fire Screens, Hand Screens,
Four and six-fold Paper Screens,
Black and other Silk Hdkfs,
Beautifully Embroidered Silk Quilted Bed Covers.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns,
Smoking Jackets,
Embroidered Flannel Petticoats,
A few Tree Peony Plants and Sago Palms, etc., etc.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO
30 Fort Street, Victoria.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes).

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," large consignment of the celebrated

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.

mar19

A. W. MORE & CO., INSURANCE AND EXCHANGE BROKERS — REAL ESTATE

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.—We buy and sell drafts on all the principal cities of **Canada, Europe** and the **United States**, at the Most Favorable Rates. We also buy and sell **Stocks and Shares.**

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.—We offer the following bargains to investors in real estate:—

2 Lots, Oak Bay avenue	$400 and $450	Corner Lot, Douglas street	14,000
2 Lots, Belcher avenue, each	$450	1 House, North Chatham street	3,000
1 Houses, James Bay, each	1,900	House and Stables, etc., 1 1-10 acres, do	5,500
1 House, James Bay	3,750	Lots, Burnside road, each	325
1 House, "	2,650	Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, per acre	300
2 lots, Beacon Hill, each	1,000	Acreage, Saanich road	$800 to $1,500
17½ Acres, Fowl Bay road, per ½ acre	400	55 Acres, cleared, Esquimalt road	7,000
3 Lots in Anacortes, each	300	2 Lots in Port Townsend, each	400
Lot on Dallas road			1,000
Corner Lot between Douglas and Govt			11,000

We have also a choice list of property for sale in **ABERDEEN**, the most active and prosperous city on Gray's Harbor; and in South Bend, on Willapa Harbor, the Pacific Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway.

Money to Loan on Mortgage; City Agents for the Caledonian Insurance Co.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, etc., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, Eng.; The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo.

fe11-6m

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

is the Purest and Quickest Washing Powder known. Ask your Grocer for it.

ONE POUND PACKAGE 20 CTS., OR 3 FOR 50 CTS.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

MUNICIPAL.

PERSONS sending in communications to the City Council in future, are hereby requested to take notice that such communications should be sent in to the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock on Tuesday of each week, otherwise they may not be considered by the Council at its regular meeting on the Wednesday evening following.

By order
Wellington J. Dowler,
City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891. 129 C.M.C.

MUNICIPAL.

THE By-Laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, complete to date, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned upon the payment of $2 per copy.

Wellington J. Dowler,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891.

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 4 p.m., for laying a box drain on the east side of Menzies street from Niagara street to the Straits of Fuca.

Specifications may be seen at the City Surveyor's office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order

Wellington J. Dowler,
C.M.C.

fe13

MUNICIPAL.

Dogs at Large.

The public are requested to take notice that all dogs found at large within the city limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year, will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall.

By order CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Jan28-1m

Do You Want to Buy a Farm?

We have every description of Acre Property, and can sell you land that will increase in value and prove a good investment.

Do You Want to Sell a Farm?

Write or call on T. G. Rayner, who has great demand for good farms, and quick returns guaranteed.

Do You Want a Building Site?

Our list is complete and we can give you a lot that will grow in value. We never deal in property that decreases in value. No Lottery. No Wild-cat Speculation. All Genuine Business.

T. G. RAYNER:

Real Estate Broker, Fire and Life Insurance, Notary Public.

BANK BUILDING, TROUNCE AVE.

fe12

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

Cash Price, $8 per ton, of 2,000 lbs., delivered to consumers.

"Nanaimo" Coal, price $7 per ton, can be obtained from W. T Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

dec30

TO THE PUBLIC.

Many Thanks for Past Favors.

My health having improved I will try and serve you a while longer. Now

AT WINTER RATES

Bring on your wagons, carriages, and agricultural implements to be thoroughly overhauled. We will give you satisfaction.

To Miners, Stonecutters and Quarrymen

We have the cheapest tools in the Province. Tools also for hire at the

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.
WM. POWELL.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

4 Lots, situated on Pandora and Cormorant Streets, close to Douglas. Frontage on each street of 120 feet by 240 feet in depth. A first-class dwelling house, stables, etc., are situated on the property

ESQUIMALT ROAD.—7 Lots facing on the Esquimalt Road. With each of these lots a piece of land on the water front for boat-house purposes will be included in the purchase price. Apply to the brokers.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Carpet remnants at cost at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Pocket knives, table cutlery, scissors etc., at Fox's. *

The board of school trustees will meet this evening in the city hall.

Cheap sideboards and bedroom suites at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Another commodious hall for public meetings. See Lyceum. *

The contract for Mr. Joseph Lowen's house has been awarded to Mr. Robert Crabbe.

Razors and a complete line of shaving materials always on hand at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Dr. Quinlan has removed his dental office to 52½ Government street, next bank of British Columbia.

It was arranged last evening that the Foresters of Court Vancouver, 5,755, will shortly give a social ball.

The most unique article in furniture yet shown is the "Parlor Mantel Folding Bed," at Hastie & Erskine's. Call and see them. *

The Sons of St. George met as usual last evening, when Mr. J. E. Jerrett, organizer of the lodge, gave an address.

Some elegant patterns of Brussels carpet for season 1891, just to hand, at Weiler Bros., successors to Jno. Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

The cold snap has been productive of good to — the plumber. He now rejoices that he has been saved from want.

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

Union Pacific steamer Michigan, Capt. Graves, arrived this morning from Portland, with about 37 tons of freight for Victoria parties.

It is reported the Grand Trunk Co. have instructed their employes to vote for the Reform candidates. The statement has created considerable indignation.

Two carloads of new goods in Antique Oak furniture, just received at Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

A well known Victoria boy, a bartender, has engaged the bridal chamber on the steamer Walla Walla, which starts for San Francisco to-morrow.

On account of the long programme which is to be produced at the charity concert this evening, the management intend to start sharply at 8 o'clock.

The snowball of the vintage of '91 is as cold and slushy as possible, and when administered in the back of the neck produces the well-known sensation of discomfort which has been experienced by all.

The Queen City Building, Loan and Savings Association is prepared to pay SIX per cent. interest per annum on all deposits of 50 cents per month and upwards. Subscribe for shares at 46 Fort street.

The sale of seats at Lombard's for Mrs. Clarke's concert to-night has been unusually large. The lower part of the house had been taken before noon to-day, and seats upstairs soon began to be scarce.

Plans of the proposed St. Savior's church at Victoria West, with several improvements, have been prepared by T. B. Norgate & Co. The first plans were considered as too plain, and the changes have been made accordingly.

Obstructed nostrils and catarrhal conditions of nose and throat can be relieved by the new electrical process. Apparatus shown and treatment explained. Dr. Ernest Hall, late assistant in Central London Throat Hospital. Office corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

Police Committee Work.

The police committee held a meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock to consider applications before them for the position of constables. Five new men and two sergeants will be recommended by the committee for appointment by the board of aldermen to-morrow night. Supt. Sheppard will also have an increase in salary of $45 per month, bringing his pay up to $100.

Painters' Union.

A social meeting of the Victoria painters was held at their rooms in the old Masonic block, Government street, when the union men invited their friends, and after a good meeting and new members enrolled, several songs were sung. The painters have made a move in the right direction, as these rooms give ample opportunity for members to express his views and to enter into anything for social improvement, as there is a reading room always open where the members may spend their leisure time, and employers may leave word for any men they may require.

Special Notice.

Ladies are invited to inspect the latest novelties in black and colored jackets just received. Also a few elegant wraps and ulsters suitable for the present and spring seasons, including the 42nd Lorne and Fife tartans. All marked at low prices to insure a clearance.

BROWN & WHITE. 1m.

Full Court.

Sinclair & Tappen vs. C. P. R.—This is an appeal from the Divisional Court held by Mr. Justice Crease and Walkem on a refusal of Mr. Justice Drake to give an order for the payment out of court of money deposited by the respondents. The hearing was adjourned till to-morrow.

In a State of Seige.

Although in a state of seige we still live. Having completed a crossing at our door, we are now prepared to see our customers who may rest assured that our lines of pastry are second to none in this city. All the delicacies of the season. Meals at all hours and polite attention guaranteed at Steitz's Restaurant, 84 Yates street. *

Brought Good Prices.

Capt. Clark, auctioneer, to-day sold at the custom house wharf the steamer North Star and two sloops, all seized for violations of the customs revenue laws. The steamer North Star was sold to Chas. Williams for $430, and the two sloops to Mr. Dempster for $170 and $60 respectively. The sale of unclaimed goods will take place to-morrow at the auction rooms, Store street.

The Late General Sherman.

U. S. Consul Myers has suggested calling together a meeting of the American citizens of Victoria on the day of General Sherman's funeral, for the purpose of expressing themselves appropriately to the occasion. It is considered only right that Americans all over the world should hold as a day of national mourning that on which their country's hero is committed to the grave.

City Hall Improvements.

The hall committee do not intend to stop at the police court room in the improvements that are to be undertaken at the city hall and other rooms will now receive the attention due them. The committee room is to be re-carpeted and put in a comfortable condition, and Mr. Northcote, inspector of buildings, is having a new counter put up. Other little things are to be done to put the interior of the now handsome city buildings in a condition corresponding with their exterior appearance.

Cruelty to Animals.

Jas. O'Neil, who last Tuesday so badly treated a team of horses on Princess avenue, was up in the police court this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge. Mr. Yates, who appeared for the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, asked that a substantial fine be imposed as a lesson, and also that the prosecutor be awarded half the fine so as to encourage the officers to stop cases of the kind. His honor imposed a fine of $10 and ordered that half that amount be paid to the prosecutor.

A couple of vags who received summonses to be present, did not appear but took the Sound boat.

Concert at Victoria West.

As will be seen from the advertising columns, the choir of the First Presbyterian church under the direction of Mr. J. G. Brown their popular leader, will give another of their fine concerts in the Victoria West hall, in aid of the Presbyterian mission in that district. Mr. Brown will be assisted on this occasion by some of the best musical talent obtainable in the city. Miss McGregor, who has lately come to the city and has already established her reputation as one of our leading vocalists, will appear. Mr. Brown will also appear on the programme in solos and duetts. The Victoria glee club has also been engaged for this occasion. This organization has been making a name for itself in musical circles lately, and will no doubt prove a great attraction. Mr. Boya, the well known humorous elocutionist, has consented to take part. Altogether the programme will be such that not a resident of the flourishing suburb should be absent, and no doubt a great many will take advantage of the street cars and go over from the city. The whole affair is under the direction of Mr. Brown and on the score of management no more need be said. A crowded house is promised on Tuesday next.

A Cure for Toothache.

Ask your druggist for Gibbons' Toothache Gum, prepared by J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto. Price 15 cents. oct9eod6m

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report, compiled by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E., for the 24 hours ending at 1 p.m. to-day.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 17, 1891.

	Ther'ter	Baro'eter	Wind.	Remarks.
16				
1 p.m	32.0	29.43	N by E	Cloudy
6 p.m	32.0	29.36	N N E	"
10 p.m	30.0	29.44	"	"
17				
6 a.m	29.6	29.54	N by E	Cloudy
1 p.m	33.0	29.63	N N E	"

Temperature—Highest, 34; lowest, 29.

Potlach at Chemainus.

After the Bechey bay potlach which lasts all next week, the Indians will hold a grand one at Chemainus, which will be attended by upwards of 7000 natives. Chief Swemquimitsa and his partners will give away thousands of blankets and two weeks of festivities will be indulged in.

Napoleon's Head.

Napoleon's head was of peculiar shape but that did not protect him against headache. Sick headache is a common and very disagreeable affection which may be quickly removed, together with its cause, by the the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the never-failing medicine for all kinds of headaches. *

K. of P. Anniversary.

The members of the Uniform Rank K. of P. hold a meeting to-night to arrange what form of a celebration shall mark the anniversary, Feb. 19th, of the order. On that day, according to the constitution, a public parade in uniform must be made. In what other way the day will be observed, will be settled.

School Closed.

The public school at Metchosin has been closed on account of there not being ten scholars on the books. There were over ten, but a dispute having arisen among the school trustees, some of the children were withdrawn from the school, and consequently the legal number not being maintained, the school had to close.

The steamer Mong Kut will come out of the dry dock to-morrow morning, and go to Nanaimo to load coal. From there she will go to Tacoma to load flour for Yakohama, and not return to this point.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17 1889.*

NASAL BALM

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

NEVER FAILS CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth restored by Implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Called made at residence when required. oct17

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec 30.

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special Inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monishee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices. ja12-4

VICTORIA THEATRE.

The Star entertainment course under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut. Gov. &c.

Boston Ideal Banjo, Mandolin & Guitar Club

WILL PERFORM

FRIDAY EV'G. FEB. 20th

Admission 75c.; Gallery 25c.; reserved seats 25c extra. Box sheet open at Lombard & Co.'s on and after Tuesday, 17th inst. fe14-6t

HOUSE FOR SALE.

FRAME VILLA WITH BRICK FOUNDATION; six rooms and bathroom with basin hot and cold water; tiled grates and hearths throughout; specially designed mantels and all modern conveniences; large basement; corner lot with fruit trees thereon; will sell $600 below market value; owner leaving city; price $2750. Apply first instance to

fe14 1w J. A. TELFER, City P.O.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT I, ELLEN JOHNSON, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 37 and 39 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.

MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.

Dated Feb. 5, 1891. fe6-1m

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

CHEAP PROPERTY

House and Lot, James Bay	$1,550
House and Lot, Victoria West	850
House and Lot, Work Estate	2,300
Lot, Pine Street	375
Lot, Esquimalt Road	440
Lot, Oak Bay Avenue	350
Five Acres within 2 1-2 miles from city, per acre	175

Easy terms can be effected by us.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

39 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.